	(Original Signature of Member)
116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R.	
To require the Occupational Safety and Healt an emergency temporary standard to prot exposure to SARS-CoV-2, and for other p	ect employees from occupational

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	SCOTT	of	Virginia	introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
			Commit	tee on						_		

A BILL

To require the Occupational Safety and Health Administration to promulgate an emergency temporary standard to protect employees from occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This division may be cited as the "COVID-19 Every
- 5 Worker Protection Act of 2020".

SEC. 2. EMERGENCY TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT STAND-2 ARDS. 3 (a) Emergency Temporary Standard.— 4 (1) In General.—In consideration of the grave 5 risk presented by COVID-19 and the need to 6 strengthen protections for employees, pursuant to 7 section 6(c)(1) of the Occupational Safety and 8 Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 655(c)(1)) and not-9 withstanding the provisions of law and the Executive 10 order listed in paragraph (7), not later than 7 days 11 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-12 retary of Labor shall promulgate an emergency tem-13 porary standard to protect from occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2-14 15 (A) employees of health care sector em-16 ployers; 17 (B) employees of employers in the para-18 medic and emergency medical services, includ-19 ing such services provided by firefighters and 20 other emergency responders; and 21 (C) other employees at occupational risk of 22 such exposure. (2) Consultation.—In developing the stand-23 24 ard under this subsection, the Secretary of Labor 25 shall consult with the Director of the Centers for 26 Disease Control and Prevention, the Director of the

1	National Institute for Occupational Safety and
2	Health, and professional associations and represent-
3	atives of the employees in the occupations and sec-
4	tors described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of
5	paragraph (1) and the employers of such employees.
6	(3) Enforcement discretion.—If the Sec-
7	retary of Labor determines it is not feasible for an
8	employer to comply with a requirement of the stand-
9	ard promulgated under this subsection (such as a
10	shortage of the necessary personal protective equip-
11	ment), the Secretary may exercise discretion in the
12	enforcement of such requirement if the employer
13	demonstrates that the employer—
14	(A) is exercising due diligence to come into
15	compliance with such requirement; and
16	(B) is implementing alternative methods
17	and measures to protect employees.
18	(4) Extension of standard.—Notwith-
19	standing paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 6(e) of
20	the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29
21	U.S.C. 655(e)), the emergency temporary standard
22	promulgated under this subsection shall be in effect
23	until the date on which the final standard promul-
24	gated under subsection (b) is in effect.

1	(5) STATE PLAN ADOPTION.—With respect to a
2	State with a State plan that has been approved by
3	the Secretary of Labor under section 18 of the Oc-
4	cupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29
5	U.S.C. 667), not later than 14 days after the date
6	of enactment of this Act, such State shall promul-
7	gate an emergency temporary standard that is at
8	least as effective in protecting from occupational ex-
9	posure to SARS-CoV-2 the employees in the occu-
10	pations and sectors described in subparagraphs (A)
11	through (C) of paragraph (1) as the emergency tem-
12	porary standard promulgated under this subsection.
13	(6) Employer defined.—For purposes of the
14	standard promulgated under this subsection, the
15	term "employer" (as defined in section 3 of the Oc-
16	cupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29
17	U.S.C. 652)) includes any State or political subdivi-
18	sion of a State, except for a State or political sub-
19	division of a State already subject to the jurisdiction
20	of a State plan approved under section 18(b) of the
21	Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29
22	U.S.C. 667(b)).
23	(7) Inapplicable provisions of law and
24	EXECUTIVE ORDER.—The requirements of chapter 6
25	of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to

1	as the "Regulatory Flexibility Act"), subchapter I of
2	chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code (com-
3	monly referred to as the "Paperwork Reduction
4	Act"), the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995
5	(2 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), and Executive Order 12866
6	(58 Fed. Reg. 190; relating to regulatory planning
7	and review), as amended, shall not apply to the
8	standard promulgated under this subsection.
9	(b) Permanent Standard.—Not later than 24
10	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
11	retary of Labor shall promulgate a final standard—
12	(1) to protect employees in the occupations and
13	sectors described in subparagraphs (A) through (C)
14	of subsection (a)(1) from occupational exposure to
15	infectious pathogens, including novel pathogens; and
16	(2) that shall be effective and enforceable in the
17	same manner and to the same extent as a standard
18	promulgated under section 6(b) of the Occupational
19	Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 655(b)).
20	(c) Requirements.—Each standard promulgated
21	under this section shall include—
22	(1) a requirement that the employers of the em-
23	ployees in the occupations and sectors described in
24	subparagraphs (A) through (C) of subsection (a)(1)
25	develop and implement a comprehensive infectious

1	disease exposure control plan, with the input and in-
2	volvement of employees or, where applicable, the rep-
3	resentatives of employees, as appropriate, to address
4	the risk of occupational exposure in such sectors and
5	occupations;
6	(2) no less protection for novel pathogens than
7	precautions mandated by standards adopted by a
8	State plan that has been approved by the Secretary
9	of Labor under section 18 of the Occupational Safe-
10	ty and Health Act of 1970 (296 U.S.C. 667);
11	(3) the incorporation, as appropriate, of—
12	(A) guidelines issued by the Centers for
13	Disease Control and Prevention, the National
14	Institute for Occupational Safety and Health,
15	and the Occupational Safety and Health Ad-
16	ministration which are designed to prevent the
17	transmission of infectious agents in healthcare
18	or other occupational settings; and
19	(B) relevant scientific research on novel
20	pathogens; and
21	(4) a requirement for the recording and report-
22	ing of all work-related COVID-19 infections and
23	deaths as set forth in part 1904 of title 29, Code of
24	Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of en-
25	actment of this Act).

1	(d) Anti-retaliation.—
2	(1) Policy.—Each standard promulgated
3	under this section shall require employers to adopt
4	a policy prohibiting the discrimination and retalia-
5	tion described in paragraph (2) by any person (in-
6	cluding an agent of the employer).
7	(2) Prohibition.—No employer (including an
8	agent of the employer) shall discriminate or retaliate
9	against an employee for—
10	(A) reporting to the employer, to a local,
11	State, or Federal government agency, or to the
12	media or on a social media platform—
13	(i) a violation of a standard promul-
14	gated pursuant to this Act;
15	(ii) a violation of an infectious disease
16	exposure control plan described in sub-
17	section $(e)(1)$; or
18	(iii) a good faith concern about a
19	workplace infectious disease hazard;
20	(B) seeking assistance or intervention from
21	the employer or a local, State, or Federal gov-
22	ernment agency with respect to such a report;
23	(C) voluntary use of personal protective
24	equipment with a higher level of protection than
25	is provided by the employer; or

1	(D) exercising any other right under the
2	Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970
3	(29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.).
4	(3) Enforcement.—This subsection shall be
5	enforced in the same manner and to the same extent
6	as any standard promulgated under section 6(b) of
7	the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29
8	U.S.C. 655(b)).
9	SEC. 3. SURVEILLANCE, TRACKING, AND INVESTIGATION
10	OF WORK-RELATED CASES OF COVID-19.
11	The Director of the Centers for Disease Control and
12	Prevention, in conjunction with the Director of the Na-
13	tional Institute for Occupational Safety and Health,
14	shall—
15	(1) collect and analyze case reports, including
16	information on the work status, occupation, and in-
17	dustry classification of an individual, and other data
18	on COVID-19, to identify and evaluate the extent,
19	nature, and source of COVID-19 among employees
20	in the occupations and sectors described in subpara-
21	graphs (A) through (C) of section 2(a)(1);
22	(2) investigate, as appropriate, individual cases
23	of COVID-19 among such employees to evaluate the
24	source of exposure and adequacy of infection and ex-
25	posure control programs and measures;

1	(3) provide regular periodic reports on COVID-
2	19 among such employees to the public; and
3	(4) based on such reports and investigations,
4	make recommendations on needed actions or guid-
5	ance to protect at-risk employees from COVID-19.