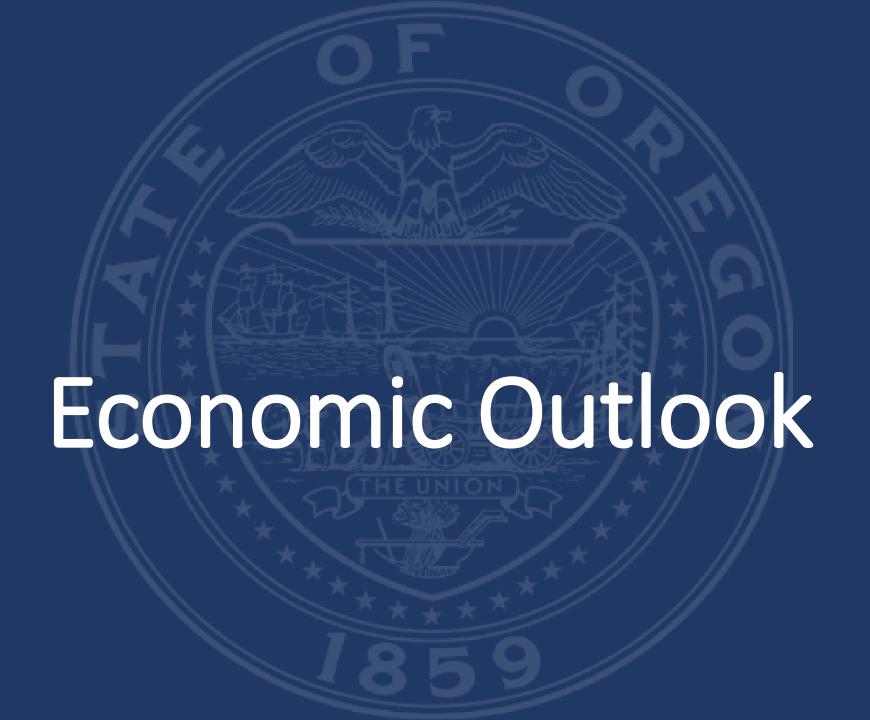
# June 2020 Economic and Revenue Forecast

May 20<sup>th</sup>, 2020

Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

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## Health Assumptions

- Uncertainty abounds. Our office is translating a public health crisis into an economic and revenue forecast. Two key health assumptions in the baseline:
  - Social distancing policies begin lifting this summer. Phase 1 reopening is just a first step.
  - Health crisis wanes by end of 2021 due to some available treatment or vaccine

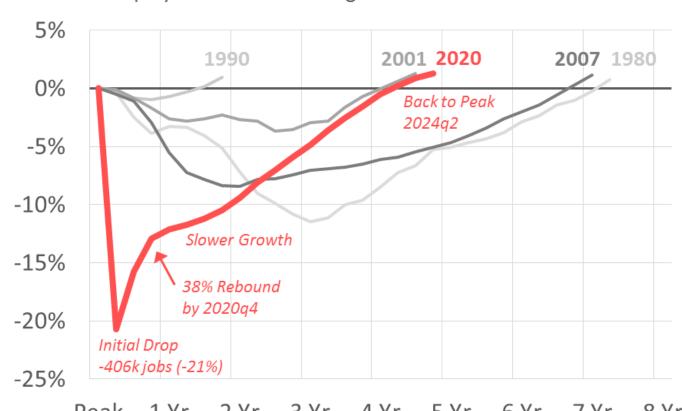




## It Takes Years to Recover from Severe Recessions

#### **Oregon Recession Comparison**

Employment Percent Change from Pre-Recession Peak



- When restrictions lift, strong initial rebound, but incomplete
- Slower growth next year due to uncertainty over virus and income losses
- Once medical treatment widely available, stronger recovery expected
- Economy returns to health by mid-decade

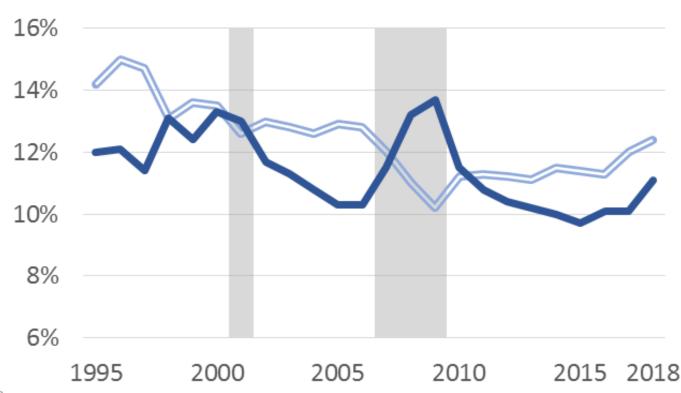




## Permanent Damage & Federal Policy

#### **Oregon Business Dynamics**

Establishment Births and Deaths, Share of Total



- Recovery Rebates
  - Nearly \$4b to Oregon households
- Unemployment Insurance
  - Nearly \$7b total given recession and expanded program
- Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)
  - 49,900 small Oregon businesses have been approved for \$6.83b in loans through 5/1/2020



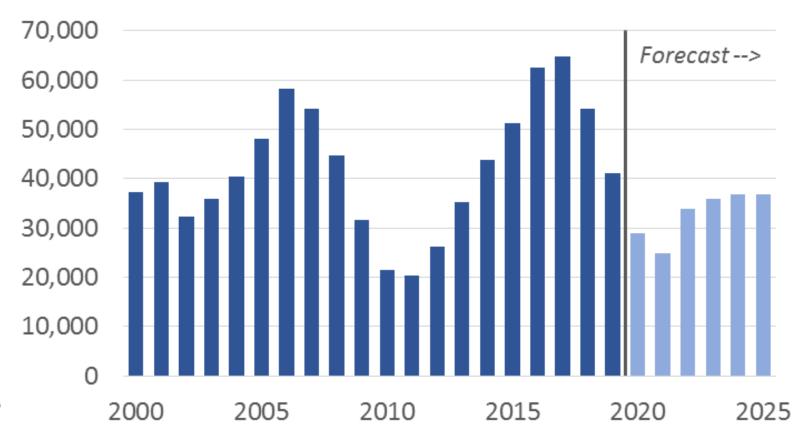
atest Data: 2018 | Source: BLS, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis



## Migration is Pro-cyclical

#### **Oregon Population Growth**

Annual Change in the Total Population



- Near Term: no one is moving during the pandemic
- Medium Term: migration reduced due to recession
- Long Term: Oregon's ability to attract and retain working-age households is expected to remain intact





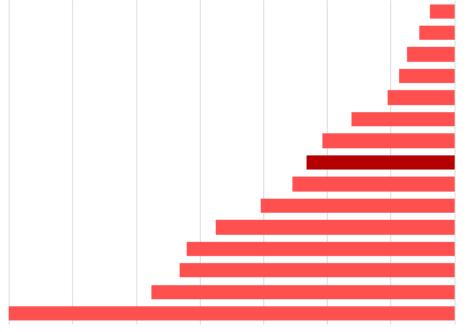


## Industrial Structure Likely to Change

#### **Structural Changes**

Oregon Employment in 2027 in June 2020 Forecast Compared to March 2020 Forecast

-7% -6% -5% -4% -3% -2% -1% 0%



Prof/Biz Serv
Leisure & Hosp.
Wholesale
Transp/Ware/Util
Health Care
Government
Other Services
Total Nonfarm
Financial Act.
Information
Private Educ
Construction
Nat. Resources
Manufacturing
Retail

- Oregon's long-run trajectory is lower due to the recession
  - Fewer jobs, less income, smaller population
- Largest relative changes expected in goodsproducing industries plus retail

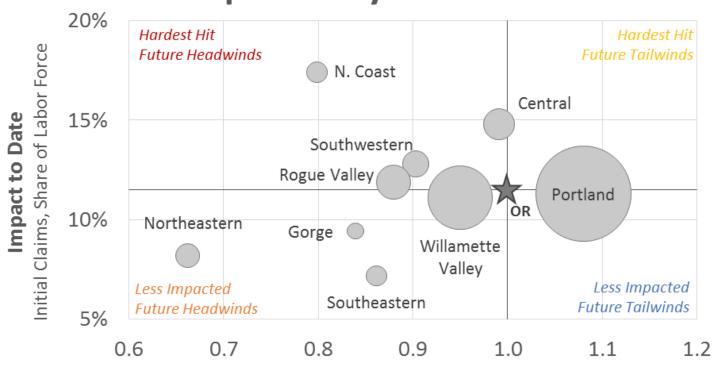


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## Regional Outlook: Recession Severity and Future Growth

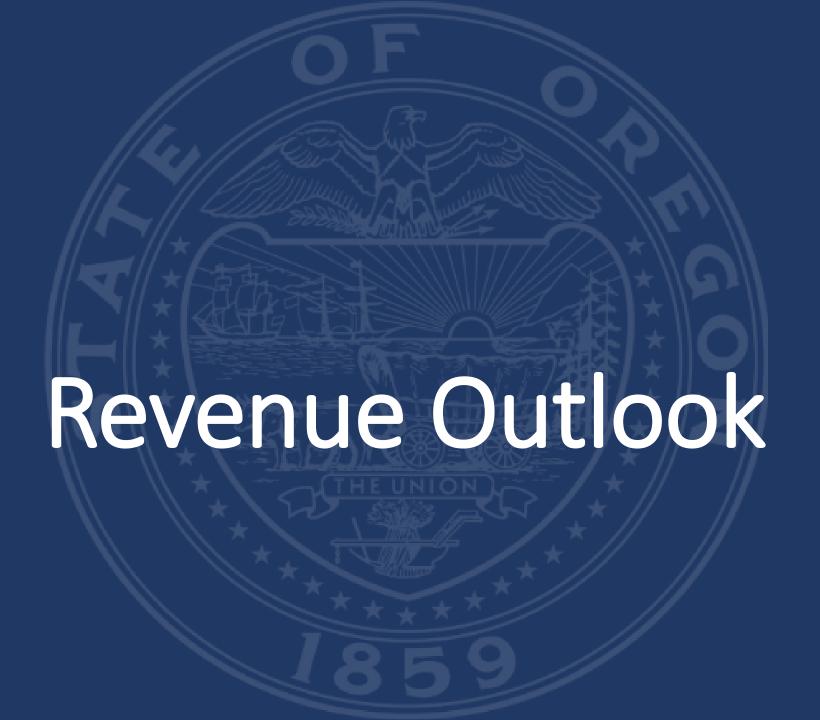
## Oregon's Regional Economies Impacted by COVID-19



- Initial impacts largest in tourism-reliant regions
- Future headwinds based on larger reliance on goods-producers, and fewer office-based jobs that are concentrated in metro areas





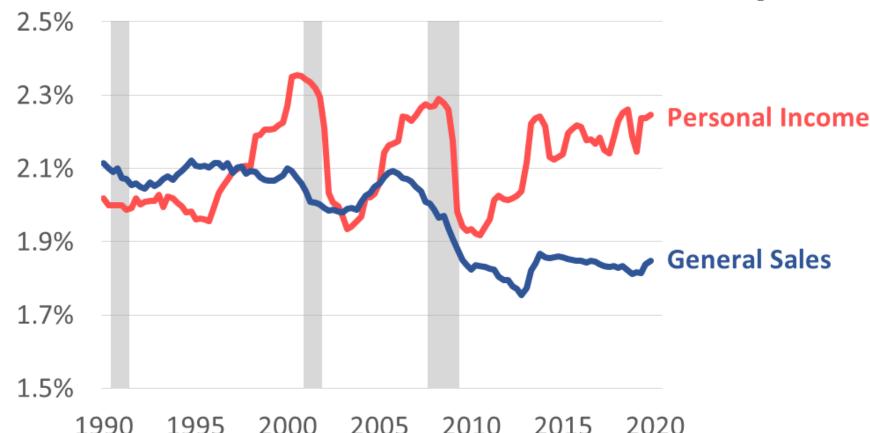




## Mix of Tax Instruments Matters

#### State Tax Collections: Risk vs Return

All States Tax Collections as Share of Personal Income, 4 Qtr Avg



- Oregon's reliance on personal and corporate income taxes has made its revenues more volatile than in most states
- This recession may be different given the oversized impact on spending
- Oregon's revenue system has become far more dependent on sales in recent years: (CAT, lodging, gasoline, vehicle privilege, video lottery, marijuana)

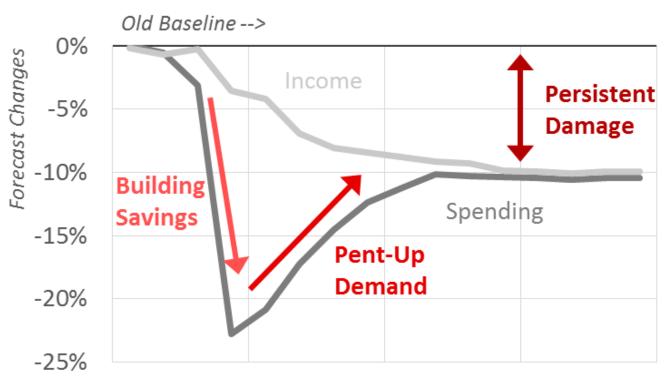
Latest Data: 2019q4 | Source: Census, BEA, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis



## Oregon revenues have never been more exposed to consumer spending, Part 1

#### **Spending and Income Revised Lower**

Changes from Previous Forecast



2020Q3

	Corporate Activity Tax Revenue Changes (\$ million)
2019-21	-\$414.1
2021-23	-\$599.0
2023-25	-\$489.1



2021Q3

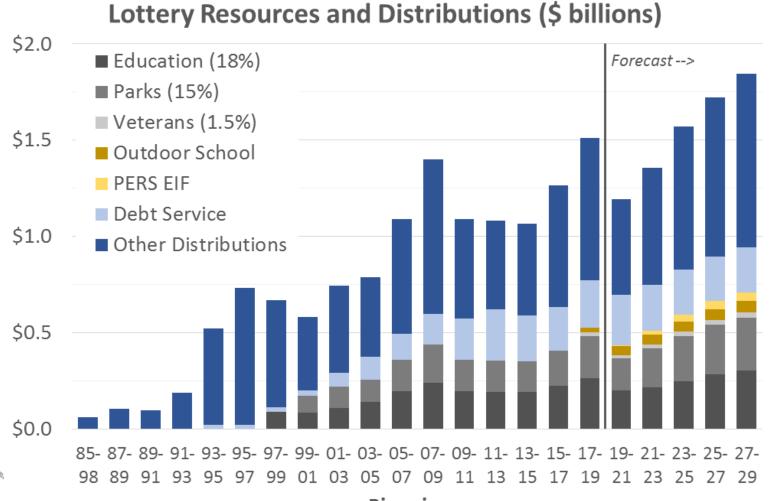
2022Q3

Source: Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

2019Q3



## Oregon revenues have never been more exposed to consumer spending, Part 2



- Lower revenues today due to social distancing
- There is pent-up demand for gaming
- Long-run growth lowered due to smaller economy and less personal income



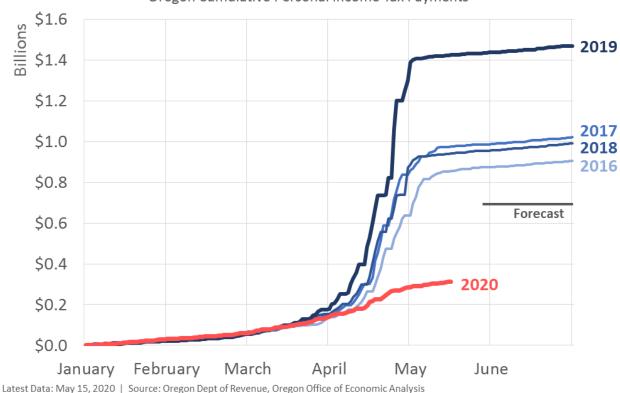
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### COVID-19 Messes with Tax Season

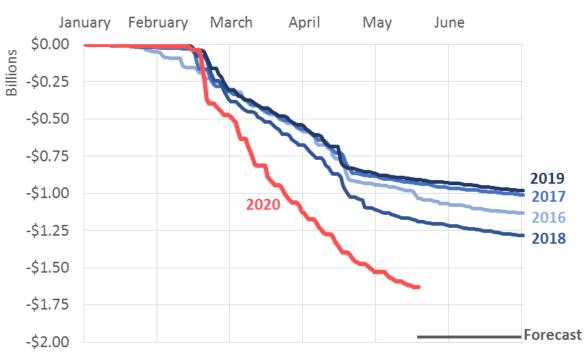
#### **Year-End Payments Delayed**

Oregon Cumulative Personal Income Tax Payments



#### **Refunds Probably Still on Track**

Personal Income Tax Refunds, Cumulative

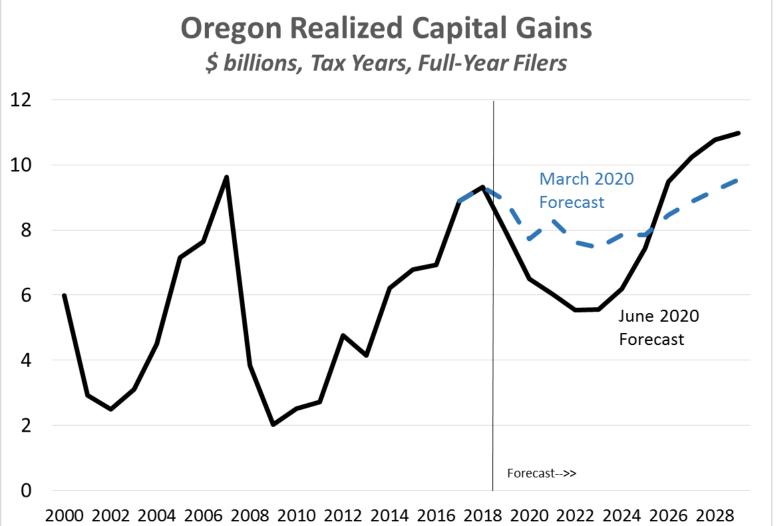


Latest Data: May 15, 2020 | Source: Oregon Dept of Revenue, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis





### Volatile Income Steams



- Income Tax Volatility is led by large swings in business and investment income
- Some weakening of capital gains was expected prior to the market correction
- IHS vendor forecast incorporates fast recoveries for profits and equity markets
- Stock market correction is expected to be less than half as deep and less than half as long as in 2007



### Revenue bottom line

General Fund	Biennium (\$ Million)		
Revenues	2019-21	2021-23	2023-25
Personal Income Taxes	-1,588	-3,231	-2,429
Corporate Income Taxes	-233	-137	-118
Other	-108	-152	-140
Total	-1,929	-3,520	-2,687

Other Revenues	Biennium (\$ Million)		
	2019-21	2021-23	2023-25
Lottery	-364	-260	-187
Corporate Activity Tax	-414	-599	-489
Marijuana Tax	9	-5	-18
Total	-769	-864	-694



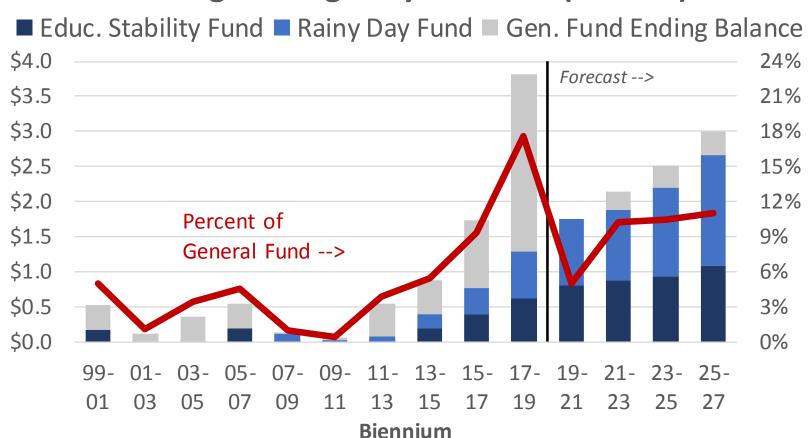
	Biennium (\$ Million)		
	2019-21	2021-23	2023-25
Total Sum	-2,698	-4,384	-3,381





## Sizable Reserves Will Help Some

#### **Oregon Budgetary Reserves (billions)**



#### **Effective Reserves (\$ millions)**

	April	End
	2020	2019-21
ESF	\$708	\$800
	•	·
RDF	\$878	\$949
Reserves	\$1,586	\$1,750
% of GF	8.1%	9.0%

Source: Oregon Office of Economic Analysis





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