

### **102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

# State of Illinois

# 2021 and 2022

#### HB1750

by Rep. Chris Miller

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/18-165

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that any taxing district may order the county clerk to abate any portion of its taxes, in any given year, on the essential business property that demonstrates financial hardship due to the restrictions on operations during the 2020 and 2021 tax year due to the Covid-19 public health emergency. Defines "essential business property". Effective immediately.

LRB102 14038 HLH 19390 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
Section 18-165 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/18-165)

7 Sec. 18-165. Abatement of taxes.

8 (a) Any taxing district, upon a majority vote of its 9 governing authority, may, after the determination of the 10 assessed valuation of its property, order the clerk of that 11 county to abate any portion of its taxes on the following types 12 of property:

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(1) Commercial and industrial.

14 (A) The property of any commercial or industrial firm, including but not limited to the property of (i) 15 any firm that is used for collecting, separating, 16 17 storing, or processing recyclable materials, locating within the taxing district during the immediately 18 19 preceding year from another state, territory, or 20 country, or having been newly created within this 21 State during the immediately preceding year, or expanding an existing facility, or (ii) any firm that 22 is used for the generation and transmission of 23

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electricity locating within the taxing district during 1 immediately preceding year or expanding its 2 the 3 within the taxing district during presence the immediately preceding year by construction of a new 4 5 electric generating facility that uses natural gas as its fuel, or any firm that is used for production 6 7 operations at a new, expanded, or reopened coal mine within the taxing district, that has been certified as 8 9 a High Impact Business by the Illinois Department of 10 Commerce and Economic Opportunity. The property of any 11 firm used for the generation and transmission of 12 electricity shall include all property of the firm 13 used for transmission facilities as defined in Section 14 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act. The abatement 15 shall not exceed a period of 10 years and the aggregate 16 amount of abated taxes for all taxing districts 17 combined shall not exceed \$4,000,000.

(A-5) Any property in the taxing district of a new
electric generating facility, as defined in Section
605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic
Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of
Illinois. The abatement shall not exceed a period of
years. The abatement shall be subject to the
following limitations:

(i) if the equalized assessed valuation of the
 new electric generating facility is equal to or

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greater than \$25,000,000 but less than \$50,000,000, then the abatement may not exceed (i) over the entire term of the abatement, 5% of the taxing district's aggregate taxes from the new electric generating facility and (ii) in any one year of abatement, 20% of the taxing district's taxes from the new electric generating facility;

(ii) if the equalized assessed valuation of 8 9 the new electric generating facility is equal to 10 greater than \$50,000,000 but less than or 11 \$75,000,000, then the abatement may not exceed (i) 12 over the entire term of the abatement, 10% of the 13 taxing district's aggregate taxes from the new 14 electric generating facility and (ii) in any one 15 year of abatement, 35% of the taxing district's 16 taxes from the new electric generating facility;

17 (iii) if the equalized assessed valuation of the new electric generating facility is equal to 18 19 greater than \$75,000,000 but less or than 20 \$100,000,000, then the abatement may not exceed 21 (i) over the entire term of the abatement, 20% of 22 the taxing district's aggregate taxes from the new 23 electric generating facility and (ii) in any one 24 year of abatement, 50% of the taxing district's 25 taxes from the new electric generating facility; 26 (iv) if the equalized assessed valuation of

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the new electric generating facility is equal to or greater than \$100,000,000 but less than \$125,000,000, then the abatement may not exceed (i) over the entire term of the abatement, 30% of the taxing district's aggregate taxes from the new electric generating facility and (ii) in any one year of abatement, 60% of the taxing district's taxes from the new electric generating facility;

(v) if the equalized assessed valuation of the new electric generating facility is equal to or greater than \$125,000,000 but less than \$150,000,000, then the abatement may not exceed (i) over the entire term of the abatement, 40% of the taxing district's aggregate taxes from the new electric generating facility and (ii) in any one year of abatement, 60% of the taxing district's taxes from the new electric generating facility;

(vi) if the equalized assessed valuation of 18 19 the new electric generating facility is equal to 20 or greater than \$150,000,000, then the abatement may not exceed (i) over the entire term of the 21 22 abatement, 50% of the taxing district's aggregate 23 taxes from the new electric generating facility 24 and (ii) in any one year of abatement, 60% of the 25 taxing district's taxes from the new electric 26 generating facility.

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The abatement is not effective unless the owner of 1 2 the new electric generating facility agrees to repay 3 to the taxing district all amounts previously abated, together with interest computed at the rate and in the 4 5 manner provided for delinquent taxes, in the event 6 that the owner of the new electric generating facility 7 closes the new electric generating facility before the expiration of the entire term of the abatement. 8

9 The authorization of taxing districts to abate 10 taxes under this subdivision (a)(1)(A-5) expires on 11 January 1, 2010.

12 (B) The property of any commercial or industrial 13 development of at least (i) 500 acres or (ii) 225 acres 14 in the case of a commercial or industrial development 15 that applies for and is granted designation as a High 16 Impact Business under paragraph (F) of item (3) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 17 (a) of subsection Enterprise Zone Act, having been created within the 18 19 taxing district. The abatement shall not exceed a 20 period of 20 years and the aggregate amount of abated taxes for all taxing districts combined shall not 21 22 exceed \$12,000,000.

(C) The property of any commercial or industrial
 firm currently located in the taxing district that
 expands a facility or its number of employees. The
 abatement shall not exceed a period of 10 years and the

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aggregate amount of abated taxes for all taxing districts combined shall not exceed \$4,000,000. The abatement period may be renewed at the option of the taxing districts.

5 (2) Horse racing. Any property in the taxing district which is used for the racing of horses and upon which 6 7 capital improvements consisting of expansion, improvement 8 or replacement of existing facilities have been made since 9 July 1, 1987. The combined abatements for such property 10 from all taxing districts in any county shall not exceed 11 \$5,000,000 annually and shall not exceed a period of 10 12 years.

13 (3) Auto racing. Any property designed exclusively for
14 the racing of motor vehicles. Such abatement shall not
15 exceed a period of 10 years.

16 (4) Academic or research institute. The property of 17 any academic or research institute in the taxing district that (i) is an exempt organization under paragraph (3) of 18 19 Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, (ii) operates 20 for the benefit of the public by actually and exclusively 21 performing scientific research and making the results of 22 the research available to the interested public on a 23 non-discriminatory basis, and (iii) employs more than 100 24 employees. An abatement granted under this paragraph shall 25 be for at least 15 years and the aggregate amount of abated 26 taxes for all taxing districts combined shall not exceed - 7 - LRB102 14038 HLH 19390 b

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\$5,000,000.

(5) Housing for older persons. Any property in the 2 taxing district that is devoted exclusively to affordable 3 housing for older households. For purposes of this 4 5 paragraph, "older households" means those households (i) 6 living in housing provided under any State or federal 7 program that the Department of Human Rights determines is 8 specifically designed and operated to assist elderly 9 persons and is solely occupied by persons 55 years of age 10 or older and (ii) whose annual income does not exceed 80% 11 of the area gross median income, adjusted for family size, 12 as such gross income and median income are determined from 13 time to time by the United States Department of Housing 14 and Urban Development. The abatement shall not exceed a 15 period of 15 years, and the aggregate amount of abated 16 taxes for all taxing districts shall not exceed 17 \$3,000,000.

18 (6) Historical society. For assessment years 1998
19 through 2018, the property of an historical society
20 qualifying as an exempt organization under Section
21 501(c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code.

(7) Recreational facilities. Any property in the
taxing district (i) that is used for a municipal airport,
(ii) that is subject to a leasehold assessment under
Section 9-195 of this Code and (iii) which is sublet from a
park district that is leasing the property from a

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municipality, but only if the property is used exclusively for recreational facilities or for parking lots used exclusively for those facilities. The abatement shall not exceed a period of 10 years.

5 (8) Relocated corporate headquarters. If approval occurs within 5 years after the effective date of this 6 7 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, any property 8 or a portion of any property in a taxing district that is 9 used by an eligible business for a corporate headquarters 10 as defined in the Corporate Headquarters Relocation Act. 11 Instead of an abatement under this paragraph (8), a taxing 12 district may enter into an agreement with an eligible business to make annual payments to that eligible business 13 14 in an amount not to exceed the property taxes paid 15 directly or indirectly by that eligible business to the and any other taxing districts 16 taxing district for 17 premises occupied pursuant to a written lease and may make without the for 18 those payments need an annual 19 appropriation. No school district, however, may enter into 20 an agreement with, or abate taxes for, an eligible 21 business unless the municipality in which the corporate 22 headquarters is located agrees to provide funding to the 23 school district in an amount equal to the amount abated or paid by the school district as provided in this paragraph 24 25 (8). Any abatement ordered or agreement entered into under 26 this paragraph (8) may be effective for the entire term

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specified by the taxing district, except the term of the abatement or annual payments may not exceed 20 years.

(9) United States Military Public/Private Residential
Developments. Each building, structure, or other
improvement designed, financed, constructed, renovated,
managed, operated, or maintained after January 1, 2006
under a "PPV Lease", as set forth under Division 14 of
Article 10, and any such PPV Lease.

9 (10) Property located in a business corridor that 10 qualifies for an abatement under Section 18-184.10.

(11) Under Section 11-15.4-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code, property located within an urban agricultural area that is used by a qualifying farmer for processing, growing, raising, or otherwise producing agricultural products.

(b) Upon a majority vote of its governing authority, any municipality may, after the determination of the assessed valuation of its property, order the county clerk to abate any portion of its taxes on any property that is located within the corporate limits of the municipality in accordance with Section 8-3-18 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

(c) Any taxing district may, upon a majority vote of its governing authority and after the determination of the assessed valuation of its property, order the clerk of that county to abate any portion of its taxes, in any given year, on the essential business property that demonstrates financial

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1	hardship due to the restrict	cions on op	perations	during	g the 2020
2	and 2021 tax year due to the	e Covid-19	public he	ealth e	emergency.
3	For purposes of this sub-	section (d	c), "esse	ential	business
4	property" means the commerc	ial proper	rty owned	by an	owner of
5	an essential business or o	peration,	as defin	ed in	Executive
6	Order 2020-10 dated March 20	, 2020.			
7	(Source: P.A. 100-1133, eff.	1-1-19.)			

8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 9 becoming law.