## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

#### FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

### FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 365

# AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.782, 67.1360, 94.834, 94.838, 137.073, 137.115, 137.280, 143.121, 143.171, 190.839, 198.439, 208.152, 208.437, 208.480, 288.132, 338.550, 620.1039, 620.2020, and 633.401, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-seven new sections relating to taxation, with an emergency clause for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows: Section A. Sections 67.782, 67.1360, 94.834, 94.838, 137.073, 137.115, 137.280, 143.121, 143.171, 190.839, 198.439, 2 208.152, 208.437, 208.480, 288.132, 338.550, 620.1039, 3 4 620.2020, and 633.401, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 5 6 67.782, 67.1011, 67.1013, 67.1360, 94.834, 94.838, 94.842, 94.1014, 135.1610, 137.073, 137.115, 137.280, 143.121, 143.171, 7 8 190.839, 198.439, 208.152, 208.437, 208.480, 261.021, 288.132, 288.133, 338.550, 620.1039, 620.2020, 620.2250, and 633.401, to 9 read as follows: 10

67.782. 1. Any county of the third [class having a
population of more than ten thousand and less than fifteen
thousand] classification without a township form of
government and with more than twelve thousand but fewer than
fourteen thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth
classification with more than one thousand three hundred
fifty but fewer than one thousand five hundred inhabitants
as the county seat and any county of the [second class

9 having a population of more than fifty-eight thousand and 10 less than seventy thousand adjacent to such third class 11 county, both counties making up the same judicial circuit,] first classification with more than seventy thousand but 12 13 fewer than eighty-three thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than thirteen 14 thousand five hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand 15 16 inhabitants as the county seat may [jointly] impose a sales 17 tax [throughout each of their respective counties] for 18 public recreational purposes including the financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of 19 recreational projects and programs, but the sales taxes 20 authorized by this section shall not become effective unless 21 the governing body of [each] such county submits to the 22 23 voters [of their respective counties] a proposal to 24 authorize the [counties to impose the] sales tax.

25 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially26 the following form:

27 Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ percent [in conjunction with the county 29 of \_\_\_\_] for the purpose of funding the 30 financing, acquisition, construction, operation 31 and maintenance of recreational projects and 32 programs, including the acquisition of land for 33 such purposes?

34

#### 🗆 YES

🗆 NO

35 If a [separate] majority of the votes cast on 36 the proposal by the qualified voters voting 37 thereon [in each county] are in favor of the 38 proposal, then the tax shall be in effect [in 39 both counties. If a majority of the votes cast 40 by the qualified voters voting thereon in either

41 county are opposed to the proposal, then the 42 governing body of neither county shall have 43 power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless or until the governing body of 44 45 the county that has not approved the tax shall again have submitted another proposal to 46 47 authorize the governing body to impose the tax, 48 and the proposal is approved by a majority of 49 the qualified voters voting thereon in that 50 county].

3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable service at retail within the county adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.

57 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county, less one 58 59 percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of 60 premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, 61 shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special 62 trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the 63 64 "County Recreation Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county recreation sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed 65 66 to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 67 of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 68 69 collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this 70 section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later 71 than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue 72 73 shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund

74 during the preceding month by distributing to the county 75 treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the 76 county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax 77 authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the 78 director of revenue, due the county.

79 The director of revenue may authorize the state 5. 80 treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund 81 and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and 82 83 drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety 84 days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the 85 sales tax authorized by this section and the director of 86 revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period 87 of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 88 89 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 90 overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 91 92 year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such county, the director of 93 revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county 94 95 and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any 96 97 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 98 county.

99 6. The tax authorized by this section may be imposed,
100 in accordance with this section, by a county in addition to
101 or in lieu of the tax authorized by sections 67.750 to
102 67.780.

103 7. Any county imposing a sales tax pursuant to the
104 provisions of this section may contract with the authority
105 of any other county or with any city or political
106 subdivision for the financing, acquisition, operation,

107 construction, maintenance, or utilization of any recreation 108 facility or project or program funded in whole or in part 109 from revenues derived from the tax levied pursuant to the 110 provisions of this section.

111 8. The sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of 112 this section shall expire twenty-five years from the 113 effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is 114 submitted to and approved by the voters in each county in 115 the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the 116 sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.

The governing body of each of the counties imposing 117 9. a sales tax under the provisions of this section may 118 119 cooperate with the governing body of any county or other 120 political subdivision of this state in carrying out the 121 provisions of this section, and may establish and conduct 122 jointly a system of public recreation. The respective 123 governing bodies administering programs jointly may provide by agreement among themselves for all matters connected with 124 125 the programs and determine what items of cost and expense shall be paid by each. 126

127 10. The provisions of this section shall not in any
128 way repeal, affect or limit the powers granted to any county
129 to establish, maintain and conduct parks and other
130 recreational grounds for public recreation.

131 11. Except as modified in this section, all provisions
132 of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed
133 under this section.

67.1011. 1. The governing body of any city of the
third classification with more than four thousand but fewer
than four thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in
any county of the third classification with a township form
of government and with more than sixteen thousand but fewer

6	than eighteen thousand inhabitants may impose a tax as
7	provided in this section.
8	2. The governing body of any city described under
9	subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on the charges
10	for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of
11	hotels or motels situated in the city, which shall be no
12	more than six percent per occupied room per night. The tax
13	shall not become effective unless the governing body of the
14	city submits to the voters of the city at an election a
15	question to authorize the governing body of the city to
16	impose the tax. The tax shall be in addition to the charge
17	for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any and
18	all other taxes. The tax shall be stated separately from
19	all other charges and taxes.
20	3. The question for the tax shall be in substantially
21	the following form:
22	Shall (city name) impose a tax on the
23	charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the
24	transient guests of hotels and motels situated
25	in (city name) at a rate of
26	percent?
27	u yes u No

28 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the

29 qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the

30 question, the tax shall become effective on the first day of

- 31 the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter
- 32 in which the election was held. If a majority of the votes

33 cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon

34 are opposed to the question, the tax shall not become

35 effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under

36 this section to the qualified voters and such question is

37	approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting
38	thereon.
39	4. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a
40	person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel or
41	motel for thirty-one days or less during any calendar
42	<u>quarter.</u>
	67.1013. 1. The governing body of any city of the
2	fourth classification with more than ten thousand but fewer
3	than eleven thousand four hundred inhabitants and located in
4	any county of the first classification with more than ninety-
5	two thousand but fewer than one hundred one thousand
6	inhabitants may impose a tax as provided in this section.
7	2. The governing body of any city described under
8	subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on the charges
9	for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of
10	hotels or motels situated in the city, which shall be no
11	more than six percent per occupied room per night. The tax
12	shall not become effective unless the governing body of the
13	city submits a question to the voters of the city at an
14	election to authorize the governing body of the city to
15	impose the tax and the voters approve the question. The tax
16	shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and
17	shall be in addition to any and all other taxes. The tax
18	shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
19	3. The question for the tax shall be in substantially
20	the following form:
21	Shall (city name) impose a tax on the
22	charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the
23	transient guests of hotels and motels situated
24	in (city name) at a rate of
25	percent?
26	П YES П NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the 27 qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the 28 29 question, the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter 30 31 in which the election was held. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon 32 33 are opposed to the question, the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under 34 this section to the qualified voters and such question is 35 36 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 37 thereon. 38 4. As used in this section, "transient quests" means a person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel or 39 40 motel for thirty-one days or less during any calendar 41 quarter. 67.1360. 1. The governing body of the following 2 cities and counties may impose a tax as provided in this 3 section: 4 (1)A city with a population of more than seven 5 thousand and less than seven thousand five hundred; 6 (2)A county with a population of over nine thousand 7 six hundred and less than twelve thousand which has a total 8 assessed valuation of at least sixty-three million dollars, 9 if the county submits the issue to the voters of such county prior to January 1, 2003; 10 11 (3) A third class city which is the county seat of a 12 county of the third classification without a township form of government with a population of at least twenty-five 13 thousand but not more than thirty thousand inhabitants; 14 Any fourth class city having, according to the 15 (4) last federal decennial census, a population of more than one 16 thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants but less than one 17

8

thousand nine hundred fifty inhabitants in a county of the

19 first classification with a charter form of government and 20 having a population of greater than six hundred thousand but 21 less than nine hundred thousand inhabitants;

(5) Any city having a population of more than three thousand but less than eight thousand inhabitants in a county of the fourth classification having a population of greater than forty-eight thousand inhabitants;

26 (6) Any city having a population of less than two
27 hundred fifty inhabitants in a county of the fourth
28 classification having a population of greater than forty29 eight thousand inhabitants;

30 (7) Any fourth class city having a population of more 31 than two thousand five hundred but less than three thousand 32 inhabitants in a county of the third classification having a 33 population of more than twenty-five thousand but less than 34 twenty-seven thousand inhabitants;

35 (8) Any third class city with a population of more 36 than three thousand two hundred but less than three thousand 37 three hundred located in a county of the third 38 classification having a population of more than thirty-five 39 thousand but less than thirty-six thousand;

40 (9) Any county of the second classification without a
41 township form of government and a population of less than
42 thirty thousand;

43 (10) Any city of the fourth class in a county of the
44 second classification without a township form of government
45 and a population of less than thirty thousand;

46 (11) Any county of the third classification with a
47 township form of government and a population of at least
48 twenty-eight thousand but not more than thirty thousand;

49 (12) Any city of the fourth class with a population of
50 more than one thousand eight hundred but less than two
51 thousand in a county of the third classification with a

52 township form of government and a population of at least 53 twenty-eight thousand but not more than thirty thousand;

54 (13) Any city of the third class with a population of 55 more than seven thousand two hundred but less than seven 56 thousand five hundred within a county of the third 57 classification with a population of more than twenty-one 58 thousand but less than twenty-three thousand;

(14) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand eight hundred but less than three thousand one hundred inhabitants in a county of the third classification with a township form of government having a population of more than eight thousand four hundred but less than nine thousand inhabitants;

65 (15) Any fourth class city with a population of more
66 than four hundred seventy but less than five hundred twenty
67 inhabitants located in a county of the third classification
68 with a population of more than fifteen thousand nine hundred
69 but less than sixteen thousand inhabitants;

70 (16) Any third class city with a population of more 71 than three thousand eight hundred but less than four 72 thousand inhabitants located in a county of the third 73 classification with a population of more than fifteen 74 thousand nine hundred but less than sixteen thousand 75 inhabitants;

76 (17) Any fourth class city with a population of more 77 than four thousand three hundred but less than four thousand 78 five hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third 79 classification without a township form of government with a 80 population greater than sixteen thousand but less than 81 sixteen thousand two hundred inhabitants;

82 (18) Any fourth class city with a population of more
83 than two thousand four hundred but less than two thousand
84 six hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first

85 classification without a charter form of government with a 86 population of more than fifty-five thousand but less than 87 sixty thousand inhabitants;

88 (19) Any fourth class city with a population of more 89 than two thousand five hundred but less than two thousand 90 six hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third 91 classification with a population of more than nineteen 92 thousand one hundred but less than nineteen thousand two 93 hundred inhabitants;

94 (20) Any county of the third classification without a 95 township form of government with a population greater than 96 sixteen thousand but less than sixteen thousand two hundred 97 inhabitants;

98 (21) Any county of the second classification with a 99 population of more than forty-four thousand but less than 100 fifty thousand inhabitants;

101 (22) Any third class city with a population of more 102 than nine thousand five hundred but less than nine thousand 103 seven hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first 104 classification without a charter form of government and with 105 a population of more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand 106 but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred 107 inhabitants;

108 (23) Any city of the fourth classification with more 109 than five thousand two hundred but less than five thousand 110 three hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third 111 classification without a township form of government and 112 with more than twenty-four thousand five hundred but less 113 than twenty-four thousand six hundred inhabitants;

114 (24) Any third class city with a population of more 115 than nineteen thousand nine hundred but less than twenty 116 thousand in a county of the first classification without a 117 charter form of government and with a population of more

118 than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one 119 hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants;

120 (25) Any city of the fourth classification with more 121 than two thousand six hundred but less than two thousand 122 seven hundred inhabitants located in any county of the third 123 classification without a township form of government and 124 with more than fifteen thousand three hundred but less than 125 fifteen thousand four hundred inhabitants;

126 (26) Any county of the third classification without a 127 township form of government and with more than fourteen 128 thousand nine hundred but less than fifteen thousand 129 inhabitants;

(27) Any city of the fourth classification with more
than five thousand four hundred but fewer than five thousand
five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county;

133 Any city of the fourth classification with more (28)134 than six thousand three hundred but fewer than six thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county 135 136 through the creation of a tourism district which may include, in addition to the geographic area of such city, 137 the area encompassed by the portion of the school district, 138 located within a county of the first classification with 139 more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but fewer than 140 141 ninety-three thousand nine hundred inhabitants, having an 142 average daily attendance for school year 2005-06 between one 143 thousand eight hundred and one thousand nine hundred;

144 (29) Any city of the fourth classification with more 145 than seven thousand seven hundred but less than seven 146 thousand eight hundred inhabitants located in a county of 147 the first classification with more than ninety-three 148 thousand eight hundred but less than ninety-three thousand 149 nine hundred inhabitants;

(30) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand nine hundred but less than three thousand inhabitants located in a county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants;

(31) Any city of the third classification with more than nine thousand three hundred but less than nine thousand four hundred inhabitants;

(32) Any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand eight hundred but fewer than three thousand nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than thirty-nine thousand seven hundred but fewer than thirty-nine thousand eight hundred inhabitants;

164 (33) Any city of the fourth classification with more 165 than one thousand eight hundred but fewer than one thousand 166 nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the 167 first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five 168 thousand four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five 169 thousand five hundred inhabitants;

(34) Any county of the third classification without a
township form of government and with more than twelve
thousand one hundred but fewer than twelve thousand two
hundred inhabitants;

174 (35) Any city of the fourth classification with more 175 than three thousand eight hundred but fewer than four 176 thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county; 177 provided, however, that motels owned by not-for-profit 178 organizations are exempt;

(36) Any city of the fourth classification with more
than five thousand but fewer than five thousand five hundred
inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of

182 government and with more than two hundred thousand but fewer 183 than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants; [or]

184 (37) Any city with more than four thousand but fewer
185 than five thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in
186 any county of the fourth classification with more than
187 thirty thousand but fewer than forty-two thousand
188 inhabitants;

189 (38) Any city of the third classification with more
 190 than nine thousand but fewer than ten thousand inhabitants
 191 and located in more than one county; or

192 (39) Any city of the third classification with more
193 than two thousand one hundred but fewer than two thousand
194 four hundred inhabitants and partially located in any county
195 of the third classification with a township form of
196 government and with more than twelve thousand but fewer than
197 fourteen thousand inhabitants.

198 2. The governing body of any city or county listed in 199 subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on the charges 200 for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient quests of 201 hotels, motels, bed and breakfast inns, and campgrounds and 202 any docking facility that rents slips to recreational boats 203 that are used by transients for sleeping, which shall be at 204 least two percent but not more than five percent per 205 occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not 206 become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at a 207 208 state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city or county to impose 209 a tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and section 210 211 67.1362. The tax authorized by this section and section 212 67.1362 shall be in addition to any charge paid to the owner or operator and shall be in addition to any and all taxes 213 214 imposed by law and the proceeds of such tax shall be used by

215 the city or county solely for funding the promotion of 216 tourism. Such tax shall be stated separately from all other 217 charges and taxes.

94.834. 1. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than twelve thousand four 2 3 hundred but less than twelve thousand five hundred inhabitants, the governing body of any city of the fourth 4 5 classification with more than two thousand three hundred but less than two thousand four hundred inhabitants and located 6 7 in any county of the fourth classification with more than thirty-two thousand nine hundred but less than thirty-three 8 thousand inhabitants, [and] the governing body of any city 9 of the fourth classification with more than one thousand six 10 hundred but less than one thousand seven hundred inhabitants 11 and located in any county of the fourth classification with 12 more than twenty-three thousand seven hundred but less than 13 14 twenty-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants, and the governing body of any city of the fourth classification with 15 16 more than eight thousand but fewer than nine thousand 17 inhabitants and located partially in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer 18 19 than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants and partially in any county of the first classification with more than eighty-20 21 three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand 22 inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification 23 with more than four thousand five hundred but fewer than 24 five thousand inhabitants as the county seat may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the 25 transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the city or 26 27 a portion thereof, which shall be not more than five percent per occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not 28 become effective unless the governing body of the city 29 30 submits to the voters of the city at a state general or

31 primary election a proposal to authorize the governing body 32 of the city to impose a tax pursuant to this section. The 33 tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to the 34 charge for the sleeping room and all other taxes imposed by 35 law, and the proceeds of such tax shall be used by the city 36 solely for the promotion of tourism. Such tax shall be 37 stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

38 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form: 39 40 Shall (insert the name of the city) impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid 41 by the transient quests of hotels and motels 42 situated in (name of city) at a rate of 43 (insert rate of percent) percent for the sole 44 purpose of promoting tourism? 45

46 🗆 YES 🗆 NO

47 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the 48 qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first 49 50 day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the election was held. If a majority of 51 the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters 52 voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax 53 54 authorized by this section shall not become effective unless 55 and until the question is resubmitted pursuant to this section to the qualified voters of the city and such 56 question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 57 of the city voting on the question. 58

3. As used in this section, "transient guests" means aperson or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel or

61 motel for thirty-one days or less during any calendar 62 quarter.

94.838. 1. As used in this section, the following 2 terms mean:

3 (1) "Food", all articles commonly used for food or
4 drink, including alcoholic beverages, the provisions of
5 chapter 311 notwithstanding;

6 (2) "Food establishment", any café, cafeteria,
7 lunchroom, or restaurant which sells food at retail;

8 (3) "Municipality", any [village or fourth class city with more than two hundred but less than three hundred 9 inhabitants and located in any county of the third 10 classification with a township form of government and with 11 more than twelve thousand five hundred but less than twelve 12 thousand six hundred inhabitants] city of the fourth class 13 with more than one hundred sixty but fewer than one hundred 14 eighty inhabitants and located in any county of the third 15 16 classification with a township form of government and with 17 more than twelve thousand but fewer than fourteen thousand 18 inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand five hundred but fewer than 19 five thousand inhabitants as the county seat; 20

(4) "Transient guest", a person or persons who occupy
a room or rooms in a hotel or motel for thirty-one days or
less during any calendar quarter.

24 2. The governing body of any municipality may impose,25 by order or ordinance:

(1) A tax, not to exceed six percent per room per
night, on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the
transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the
municipality or a portion thereof; and

30 (2) A tax, not to exceed [two] six percent, on the
31 gross receipts derived from the retail sales of food by

32 every person operating a food establishment in the 33 municipality.

34 The taxes shall be imposed solely for [the purpose of funding the construction, maintenance, and operation of 35 36 capital improvements] general revenue purposes. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing 37 38 body of the municipality submits to the voters of the municipality at a state general or primary election a 39 proposal to authorize the governing body of the municipality 40 41 to impose taxes under this section. The taxes authorized in this section shall be in addition to the charge for the 42 43 sleeping room, the retail sales of food at a food establishment, and all other taxes imposed by law, and shall 44 45 be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

The ballot of submission for the taxes authorized 3. 46 47 in this section shall be in substantially the following form: 48 Shall (insert the name of the municipality) impose a tax on the charges for 49 50 all retail sales of food at a food establishment 51 situated in (name of municipality) at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent, 52 and for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient 53 guests of hotels and motels situated in 54 55 (name of municipality) at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent, solely for the 56 57 purpose of [funding the construction, maintenance, and operation of capital 58 improvements] increasing general revenue funds? 59 60 D YES 🗆 NO

61 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the62 qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the

63 question, then the taxes shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of 64 65 revenue receives notice of the adoption of the taxes. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 66 voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the 67 taxes shall not become effective unless and until the 68 question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified 69 70 voters and such question is approved by a majority of the 71 qualified voters voting on the question.

72 4. Any tax on the retail sales of food imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and 73 operated as required in section 32.087, and any transient 74 quest tax imposed under this section shall be administered, 75 collected, enforced, and operated by the municipality 76 77 imposing the tax. All revenue generated by the tax shall be 78 deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely 79 for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to 80 81 be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current 82 expenditures may be invested in the same manner as other 83 funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such 84 investments shall be credited to the fund. 85

5. Once the initial bonds, if any, have been satisfied, then the governing body of any municipality that has adopted the taxes authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the taxes to the voters on any date available for elections for the municipality. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

93 Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the 94 municipality) repeal the taxes imposed at the 95 rates of (insert rate of percent) and

96 \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the

97 purpose of [funding the construction,

98 maintenance, and operation of capital

99 improvements] increasing general revenue funds?

100 🗆 YES 🗆 NO

101 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor 102 of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December 103 thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question 104 105 by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax authorized in this section shall remain 106 107 effective until the question is resubmitted under this 108 section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved 109 by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

110 6. Once the initial bonds, if any, have been satisfied, then, whenever the governing body of any 111 112 municipality that has adopted the taxes authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the 113 registered voters of the municipality voting in the last 114 gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal 115 the taxes imposed under this section, the governing body 116 shall submit to the voters of the municipality a proposal to 117 118 repeal the taxes. If a majority of the votes cast on the 119 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 120 of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such 121 repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the 122 123 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed 124 to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified 125

126 voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the 127 qualified voters voting on the question.

	94.842. 1. The governing body of any home rule city
2	with more than one hundred fifty-five thousand but fewer
3	than two hundred thousand inhabitants may impose a tax on
4	the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient
5	guests of hotels or motels situated in the city, which shall
6	not be more than two and one-half percent per occupied room
7	per night. Such tax shall only become effective if the
8	governing body of the city submits a proposal to the voters
9	of the city at a general election that authorizes the
10	governing body of the city to impose a tax under the
11	provisions of this section and the voters approve such
12	proposal. The tax authorized under this section shall be in
13	addition to the charge for a sleeping room and shall be in
14	addition to any and all taxes imposed by law. The revenue
15	of such tax shall be used solely for capital improvements
16	that can be demonstrated to increase the number of overnight
17	visitors. Such tax shall be stated separately from all
18	other charges and taxes.
19	2. The proposal shall be submitted in substantially
20	the following form:
21	Shall the city of levy a tax of
22	percent on each sleeping room occupied and
23	rented by transient guests of hotels and motels
24	located in the city, whose revenue shall be
25	dedicated to capital improvements to increase
26	tourism?
27	□ YES □ NO

28	If a majo	rity of	the vot	tes cast	on the	proposa	by the
29	qualified	voters	voting	thereon	are in	favor of	the

30 proposal, the tax shall become effective on the first day of 31 the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which 32 the election is held. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are 33 opposed to the proposal, the governing body for the city 34 shall have no power to impose the tax authorized by this 35 section unless and until the governing body of the city 36 37 again submits the proposal to the qualified voters of the city and such proposal is approved by a majority of the 38 qualified voters voting thereon. 39 3. After the approval of a proposal but before the 40 effective date of a tax authorized under this section, the 41 42 city shall adopt one of the following provisions for the collection and administration of the tax: 43 (1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the 44 45 internal collection of such tax by the city officers usually 46 responsible for collection and administration of city taxes; 47 or 48 (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the 49 director of revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized under this section. If a city enters into an 50 agreement with the director of revenue for the collection of 51 the tax authorized in this section, the director shall 52 perform all functions incident to the administration, 53 collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the 54 55 director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized under this section. The tax authorized under 56 this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms 57 and under such administrative rules and regulations as may 58 be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director 59 60 of revenue may retain up to one percent for cost of 61 collection.

62	4. The city shall post on the official city website
63	information about the tax including, but not limited to, the
64	rate imposed and the capital improvements for which the
65	revenue has been or will be used.
66	5. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a
67	person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel,
68	motel, or tourist court for less than thirty-one consecutive
69	days.
	94.1014. 1. (1) The governing body of any city of
2	the fourth classification with more than three thousand
3	seven hundred but fewer than four thousand inhabitants and
4	located in any county of the first classification with more
5	than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred
6	thousand inhabitants may impose a tax on the charges for all
7	sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or
8	motels situated in the city or a portion thereof. The tax
9	shall not be more than five percent per occupied room per
10	night.
11	(2) The tax shall not become effective unless the
12	governing body of the city, on a general election day not
13	earlier than the 2022 general election, submits to the
14	voters of the city a proposal to authorize the city to
15	impose a tax under this section and the voters approve the
16	tax.
17	(3) The tax shall be in addition to the charge for the
18	sleeping room and all other taxes imposed by law. The tax
19	shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
20	(4) The proceeds of the tax shall be used by the city
21	for the promotion of tourism; growth of the region; economic
22	development purposes; and public safety purposes including,
23	but not limited to, equipment expenditures, employee
24	salaries and benefits, and facilities for police,
25	firefighters, or emergency medical providers.

26	2. The ballot language for authorization of the tax
27	shall be in substantially the following form:
28	Shall (name of the city) impose a tax on
29	the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the
30	transient guests of hotels and motels situated
31	in (name of the city) at a rate of
32	percent for the promotion of tourism, growth of
33	the region, economic development, and public
34	safety?
35	$\Box$ YES $\Box$ NO
36	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by qualified
37	voters approve the proposal, the tax shall become effective
38	on the first day of the second calendar quarter following
39	the election. If a majority of the votes cast on the
40	proposal by qualified voters oppose the proposal, the tax
41	shall not become effective unless and until the proposal is
42	again submitted to the voters of the city and is approved by
43	a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
44	3. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a
45	sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information
46	on the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for
47	which the tax is levied.
48	4. As used in this section, "transient guest" means
49	any person who occupies a room or rooms in a hotel or motel
50	for thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter.
	135.1610. 1. As used in this section, the following
2	terms mean:
3	(1) "Eligible expenses", expenses incurred in the
4	construction or development of establishing an urban farm in
5	a food desert;

6	(2) "Food desert", a census tract that has a poverty
7	rate of at least twenty percent or a median family income of
8	less than eighty percent of the statewide average and where
9	at least five hundred people or thirty-three percent of the
10	population is located at least one-quarter mile away from a
11	full-service grocery store in an urban area;
12	(3) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise
13	due under chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed
14	under sections 143.191 to 143.265;
15	(4) "Taxpayer", any individual, partnership, or
16	corporation as described under section 143.441 or 143.471
17	that is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 143,
18	excluding withholding tax imposed under sections 143.191 to
19	143.265, or any charitable organization that is exempt from
20	federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business
21	taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income
22	tax imposed under chapter 143;
23	(5) "Urban area", an urban place as designated by the
24	United States Census Bureau;
25	(6) "Urban farm", an agricultural plot or facility in
26	an urban area that produces agricultural products, as that
27	term is defined in section 262.900. "Urban farm" shall
28	include, but not be limited to, community-run gardens.
29	2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
30	2022, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit
31	against the taxpayer's state tax liability in an amount
32	equal to fifty percent of the taxpayer's eligible expenses
33	for establishing an urban farm in a food desert.
34	3. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not
35	exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability in
36	the tax year for which the credit is claimed, and the
37	taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit under
38	this section in excess of one thousand dollars for each

39	urban farm. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed
40	in the tax year the contribution is made may be carried over
41	to the next three succeeding tax years until the full credit
42	is claimed.
43	4. The total amount of tax credits that may be
44	authorized under this section shall not exceed one hundred
45	thousand dollars in any calendar year.
46	5. Tax credits issued under the provisions of this
47	section shall not be sold, assigned, or otherwise
48	transferred.
49	6. The department of revenue and the department of
50	agriculture may promulgate rules to implement the provisions
51	of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that
52	term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under
53	the authority delegated in this section shall become
54	effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of
55	the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section
56	536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and
57	if any of the powers vested with the general assembly
58	pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective
59	date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently
60	held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
61	authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
62	2021, shall be invalid and void.
63	7. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
64	(1) The program authorized under this section shall
65	automatically sunset on December thirty-first six years
66	after the effective date of this section unless reauthorized
67	by an act of the general assembly;
68	(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program
69	authorized under this section shall automatically sunset on
70	December thirty-first twelve years after the effective date
71	of the reauthorization of this section;

72 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of
73 the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in
74 which the program authorized under this section is sunset;
75 and
76 (4) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
77 prevent a taxpayer from claiming a tax credit properly
78 issued before the program is sunset in a tax year after the

79 program is sunset.

137.073. 1. As used in this section, the following
2 terms mean:

3 (1) "General reassessment", changes in value, entered 4 in the assessor's books, of a substantial portion of the 5 parcels of real property within a county resulting wholly or 6 partly from reappraisal of value or other actions of the 7 assessor or county equalization body or ordered by the state 8 tax commission or any court;

9 (2) "Tax rate", "rate", or "rate of levy", singular or 10 plural, includes the tax rate for each purpose of taxation 11 of property a taxing authority is authorized to levy without 12 a vote and any tax rate authorized by election, including 13 bond interest and sinking fund;

"Tax rate ceiling", a tax rate as revised by the 14 (3) taxing authority to comply with the provisions of this 15 section or when a court has determined the tax rate; except 16 that, other provisions of law to the contrary 17 18 notwithstanding, a school district may levy the operating 19 levy for school purposes required for the current year pursuant to subsection 2 of section 163.021, less all 20 adjustments required pursuant to Article X, Section 22 of 21 22 the Missouri Constitution, if such tax rate does not exceed the highest tax rate in effect subsequent to the 1980 tax 23 This is the maximum tax rate that may be levied, 24 vear.

25 unless a higher tax rate ceiling is approved by voters of 26 the political subdivision as provided in this section;

27 (4) "Tax revenue", when referring to the previous year, means the actual receipts from ad valorem levies on 28 29 all classes of property, including state-assessed property, 30 in the immediately preceding fiscal year of the political subdivision, plus an allowance for taxes billed but not 31 32 collected in the fiscal year and plus an additional allowance for the revenue which would have been collected 33 34 from property which was annexed by such political subdivision but which was not previously used in determining 35 tax revenue pursuant to this section. The term "tax 36 37 revenue" shall not include any receipts from ad valorem levies on any property of a railroad corporation or a public 38 utility, as these terms are defined in section 386.020, 39 40 which were assessed by the assessor of a county or city in 41 the previous year but are assessed by the state tax commission in the current year. All school districts and 42 43 those counties levying sales taxes pursuant to chapter 67 shall include in the calculation of tax revenue an amount 44 equivalent to that by which they reduced property tax levies 45 as a result of sales tax pursuant to section 67.505 and 46 47 section 164.013 [or as excess home dock city or county fees 48 as provided in subsection 4 of section 313.820] in the 49 immediately preceding fiscal year but not including any 50 amount calculated to adjust for prior years. For purposes 51 of political subdivisions which were authorized to levy a tax in the prior year but which did not levy such tax or 52 53 levied a reduced rate, the term "tax revenue", as used in 54 relation to the revision of tax levies mandated by law, shall mean the revenues equal to the amount that would have 55 been available if the voluntary rate reduction had not been 56 57 made.

58 2. Whenever changes in assessed valuation are entered in the assessor's books for any personal property, in the 59 60 aggregate, or for any subclass of real property as such subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of 61 62 the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016, the county clerk in all counties and the assessor of St. 63 Louis City shall notify each political subdivision wholly or 64 65 partially within the county or St. Louis City of the change in valuation of each subclass of real property, 66 67 individually, and personal property, in the aggregate, exclusive of new construction and improvements. All 68 political subdivisions shall immediately revise the 69 applicable rates of levy for each purpose for each subclass 70 of real property, individually, and personal property, in 71 72 the aggregate, for which taxes are levied to the extent 73 necessary to produce from all taxable property, exclusive of 74 new construction and improvements, substantially the same 75 amount of tax revenue as was produced in the previous year 76 for each subclass of real property, individually, and 77 personal property, in the aggregate, except that the rate shall not exceed the greater of the most recent voter-78 79 approved rate or the most recent voter-approved rate as 80 adjusted under subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of this 81 section. Any political subdivision that has received approval from voters for a tax increase after August 27, 82 83 2008, may levy a rate to collect substantially the same amount of tax revenue as the amount of revenue that would 84 have been derived by applying the voter-approved increased 85 86 tax rate ceiling to the total assessed valuation of the 87 political subdivision as most recently certified by the city or county clerk on or before the date of the election in 88 which such increase is approved, increased by the percentage 89 90 increase in the consumer price index, as provided by law,

91 except that the rate shall not exceed the greater of the 92 most recent voter-approved rate or the most recent voter-93 approved rate as adjusted under subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of this section. Such tax revenue shall not 94 95 include any receipts from ad valorem levies on any real 96 property which was assessed by the assessor of a county or city in such previous year but is assessed by the assessor 97 98 of a county or city in the current year in a different 99 subclass of real property. Where the taxing authority is a 100 school district for the purposes of revising the applicable 101 rates of levy for each subclass of real property, the tax 102 revenues from state-assessed railroad and utility property 103 shall be apportioned and attributed to each subclass of real 104 property based on the percentage of the total assessed 105 valuation of the county that each subclass of real property 106 represents in the current taxable year. As provided in 107 Section 22 of Article X of the constitution, a political subdivision may also revise each levy to allow for 108 109 inflationary assessment growth occurring within the political subdivision. The inflationary growth factor for 110 any such subclass of real property or personal property 111 112 shall be limited to the actual assessment growth in such subclass or class, exclusive of new construction and 113 114 improvements, and exclusive of the assessed value on any 115 real property which was assessed by the assessor of a county 116 or city in the current year in a different subclass of real 117 property, but not to exceed the consumer price index or five percent, whichever is lower. Should the tax revenue of a 118 political subdivision from the various tax rates determined 119 120 in this subsection be different than the tax revenue that 121 would have been determined from a single tax rate as 122 calculated pursuant to the method of calculation in this 123 subsection prior to January 1, 2003, then the political

124 subdivision shall revise the tax rates of those subclasses 125 of real property, individually, and/or personal property, in 126 the aggregate, in which there is a tax rate reduction, pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. 127 Such 128 revision shall yield an amount equal to such difference and 129 shall be apportioned among such subclasses of real property, 130 individually, and/or personal property, in the aggregate, 131 based on the relative assessed valuation of the class or subclasses of property experiencing a tax rate reduction. 132 133 Such revision in the tax rates of each class or subclass shall be made by computing the percentage of current year 134 adjusted assessed valuation of each class or subclass with a 135 136 tax rate reduction to the total current year adjusted assessed valuation of the class or subclasses with a tax 137 rate reduction, multiplying the resulting percentages by the 138 139 revenue difference between the single rate calculation and 140 the calculations pursuant to this subsection and dividing by the respective adjusted current year assessed valuation of 141 142 each class or subclass to determine the adjustment to the rate to be levied upon each class or subclass of property. 143 The adjustment computed herein shall be multiplied by one 144 hundred, rounded to four decimals in the manner provided in 145 this subsection, and added to the initial rate computed for 146 147 each class or subclass of property. For school districts that levy separate tax rates on each subclass of real 148 149 property and personal property in the aggregate, if voters approved a ballot before January 1, 2011, that presented 150 separate stated tax rates to be applied to the different 151 152 subclasses of real property and personal property in the 153 aggregate, or increases the separate rates that may be 154 levied on the different subclasses of real property and personal property in the aggregate by different amounts, the 155 156 tax rate that shall be used for the single tax rate

157 calculation shall be a blended rate, calculated in the 158 manner provided under subdivision (1) of subsection 6 of 159 this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this 160 subsection to the contrary, no revision to the rate of levy 161 for personal property shall cause such levy to increase over 162 the levy for personal property from the prior year.

3. (1) Where the taxing authority is a school 163 164 district, it shall be required to revise the rates of levy to the extent necessary to produce from all taxable 165 166 property, including state-assessed railroad and utility property, which shall be separately estimated in addition to 167 other data required in complying with section 164.011, 168 169 substantially the amount of tax revenue permitted in this 170 section. In the year following tax rate reduction, the tax 171 rate ceiling may be adjusted to offset such district's 172 reduction in the apportionment of state school moneys due to 173 its reduced tax rate. However, in the event any school district, in calculating a tax rate ceiling pursuant to this 174 175 section, requiring the estimating of effects of stateassessed railroad and utility valuation or loss of state 176 177 aid, discovers that the estimates used result in receipt of excess revenues, which would have required a lower rate if 178 179 the actual information had been known, the school district 180 shall reduce the tax rate ceiling in the following year to 181 compensate for the excess receipts, and the recalculated 182 rate shall become the tax rate ceiling for purposes of this 183 section.

184 (2) For any political subdivision which experiences a
185 reduction in the amount of assessed valuation relating to a
186 prior year, due to decisions of the state tax commission or
187 a court pursuant to sections 138.430 to 138.433, or due to
188 clerical errors or corrections in the calculation or
189 recordation of any assessed valuation:

190 Such political subdivision may revise the tax rate (a) 191 ceiling for each purpose it levies taxes to compensate for 192 the reduction in assessed value occurring after the political subdivision calculated the tax rate ceiling for 193 194 the particular subclass of real property or for personal 195 property, in the aggregate, in a prior year. Such revision by the political subdivision shall be made at the time of 196 197 the next calculation of the tax rate for the particular 198 subclass of real property or for personal property, in the 199 aggregate, after the reduction in assessed valuation has 200 been determined and shall be calculated in a manner that 201 results in the revised tax rate ceiling being the same as it would have been had the corrected or finalized assessment 202 203 been available at the time of the prior calculation;

204 In addition, for up to three years following the (b) 205 determination of the reduction in assessed valuation as a 206 result of circumstances defined in this subdivision, such political subdivision may levy a tax rate for each purpose 207 208 it levies taxes above the revised tax rate ceiling provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision to recoup any revenues 209 it was entitled to receive had the corrected or finalized 210 211 assessment been available at the time of the prior 212 calculation.

213 4. (1) In order to implement the provisions of this section and Section 22 of Article X of the Constitution of 214 215 Missouri, the term improvements shall apply to both real and 216 personal property. In order to determine the value of new construction and improvements, each county assessor shall 217 maintain a record of real property valuations in such a 218 219 manner as to identify each year the increase in valuation 220 for each political subdivision in the county as a result of 221 new construction and improvements. The value of new 222 construction and improvements shall include the additional

223 assessed value of all improvements or additions to real 224 property which were begun after and were not part of the 225 prior year's assessment, except that the additional assessed value of all improvements or additions to real property 226 227 which had been totally or partially exempt from ad valorem 228 taxes pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, sections 135.200 to 135.255, and section 353.110 shall be included in 229 230 the value of new construction and improvements when the 231 property becomes totally or partially subject to assessment 232 and payment of all ad valorem taxes. The aggregate increase in valuation of personal property for the current year over 233 that of the previous year is the equivalent of the new 234 235 construction and improvements factor for personal property. 236 Notwithstanding any opt-out implemented pursuant to 237 subsection 14 of section 137.115, the assessor shall certify 238 the amount of new construction and improvements and the 239 amount of assessed value on any real property which was 240 assessed by the assessor of a county or city in such 241 previous year but is assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the current year in a different subclass of real 242 property separately for each of the three subclasses of real 243 property for each political subdivision to the county clerk 244 in order that political subdivisions shall have this 245 246 information for the purpose of calculating tax rates 247 pursuant to this section and Section 22, Article X, 248 Constitution of Missouri. In addition, the state tax 249 commission shall certify each year to each county clerk the increase in the general price level as measured by the 250 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the United 251 252 States, or its successor publications, as defined and 253 officially reported by the United States Department of Labor, or its successor agency. The state tax commission 254 255 shall certify the increase in such index on the latest

256 twelve-month basis available on February first of each year 257 over the immediately preceding prior twelve-month period in 258 order that political subdivisions shall have this information available in setting their tax rates according 259 260 to law and Section 22 of Article X of the Constitution of 261 Missouri. For purposes of implementing the provisions of this section and Section 22 of Article X of the Missouri 262 263 Constitution, the term "property" means all taxable 264 property, including state-assessed property.

265 (2) Each political subdivision required to revise rates of levy pursuant to this section or Section 22 of 266 Article X of the Constitution of Missouri shall calculate 267 268 each tax rate it is authorized to levy and, in establishing 269 each tax rate, shall consider each provision for tax rate 270 revision provided in this section and Section 22 of Article 271 X of the Constitution of Missouri, separately and without 272 regard to annual tax rate reductions provided in section 67.505 and section 164.013. Each political subdivision 273 274 shall set each tax rate it is authorized to levy using the calculation that produces the lowest tax rate ceiling. 275 Ιt is further the intent of the general assembly, pursuant to 276 the authority of Section 10(c) of Article X of the 277 Constitution of Missouri, that the provisions of such 278 279 section be applicable to tax rate revisions mandated 280 pursuant to Section 22 of Article X of the Constitution of 281 Missouri as to reestablishing tax rates as revised in 282 subsequent years, enforcement provisions, and other provisions not in conflict with Section 22 of Article X of 283 the Constitution of Missouri. Annual tax rate reductions 284 285 provided in section 67.505 and section 164.013 shall be applied to the tax rate as established pursuant to this 286 section and Section 22 of Article X of the Constitution of 287 288 Missouri, unless otherwise provided by law.

289 5. (1)In all political subdivisions, the tax rate 290 ceiling established pursuant to this section shall not be 291 increased unless approved by a vote of the people. Approval 292 of the higher tax rate shall be by at least a majority of 293 votes cast. When a proposed higher tax rate requires 294 approval by more than a simple majority pursuant to any provision of law or the constitution, the tax rate increase 295 296 must receive approval by at least the majority required.

297 When voters approve an increase in the tax rate, (2) 298 the amount of the increase shall be added to the tax rate 299 ceiling as calculated pursuant to this section to the extent the total rate does not exceed any maximum rate prescribed 300 301 by law. If a ballot question presents a stated tax rate for 302 approval rather than describing the amount of increase in 303 the question, the stated tax rate approved shall be adjusted 304 as provided in this section and, so adjusted, shall be the 305 current tax rate ceiling. The increased tax rate ceiling as 306 approved shall be adjusted such that when applied to the 307 current total assessed valuation of the political subdivision, excluding new construction and improvements 308 309 since the date of the election approving such increase, the revenue derived from the adjusted tax rate ceiling is equal 310 to the sum of: the amount of revenue which would have been 311 312 derived by applying the voter-approved increased tax rate 313 ceiling to total assessed valuation of the political 314 subdivision, as most recently certified by the city or county clerk on or before the date of the election in which 315 such increase is approved, increased by the percentage 316 increase in the consumer price index, as provided by law. 317 318 Such adjusted tax rate ceiling may be applied to the total 319 assessed valuation of the political subdivision at the 320 setting of the next tax rate. If a ballot question presents 321 a phased-in tax rate increase, upon voter approval, each tax
322 rate increase shall be adjusted in the manner prescribed in 323 this section to yield the sum of: the amount of revenue 324 that would be derived by applying such voter-approved increased rate to the total assessed valuation, as most 325 326 recently certified by the city or county clerk on or before 327 the date of the election in which such increase was approved, increased by the percentage increase in the 328 consumer price index, as provided by law, from the date of 329 330 the election to the time of such increase and, so adjusted, 331 shall be the current tax rate ceiling.

The provisions of subdivision (2) of this 332 (3)subsection notwithstanding, if, prior to the expiration of a 333 334 temporary levy increase, voters approve a subsequent levy 335 increase, the new tax rate ceiling shall remain in effect 336 only until such time as the temporary levy expires under the 337 terms originally approved by a vote of the people, at which 338 time the tax rate ceiling shall be decreased by the amount of the temporary levy increase. If, prior to the expiration 339 340 of a temporary levy increase, voters of a political 341 subdivision are asked to approve an additional, permanent increase to the political subdivision's tax rate ceiling, 342 voters shall be submitted ballot language that clearly 343 indicates that if the permanent levy increase is approved, 344 345 the temporary levy shall be made permanent.

346 (4) The governing body of any political subdivision 347 may levy a tax rate lower than its tax rate ceiling and may, in a nonreassessment year, increase that lowered tax rate to 348 a level not exceeding the tax rate ceiling without voter 349 350 approval in the manner provided under subdivision [(4)] (5) 351 of this subsection. Nothing in this section shall be 352 construed as prohibiting a political subdivision from voluntarily levying a tax rate lower than that which is 353 354 required under the provisions of this section or from

355 seeking voter approval of a reduction to such political 356 subdivision's tax rate ceiling.

357 [(4)] (5) In a year of general reassessment, a governing body whose tax rate is lower than its tax rate 358 359 ceiling shall revise its tax rate pursuant to the provisions 360 of subsection 4 of this section as if its tax rate was at the tax rate ceiling. In a year following general 361 362 reassessment, if such governing body intends to increase its 363 tax rate, the governing body shall conduct a public hearing, 364 and in a public meeting it shall adopt an ordinance, resolution, or policy statement justifying its action prior 365 to setting and certifying its tax rate. The provisions of 366 367 this subdivision shall not apply to any political subdivision which levies a tax rate lower than its tax rate 368 369 ceiling solely due to a reduction required by law resulting 370 from sales tax collections. The provisions of this 371 subdivision shall not apply to any political subdivision which has received voter approval for an increase to its tax 372 373 rate ceiling subsequent to setting its most recent tax rate.

6. For the purposes of calculating state aid for 374 (1) 375 public schools pursuant to section 163.031, each taxing 376 authority which is a school district shall determine its 377 proposed tax rate as a blended rate of the classes or 378 subclasses of property. Such blended rate shall be 379 calculated by first determining the total tax revenue of the 380 property within the jurisdiction of the taxing authority, which amount shall be equal to the sum of the products of 381 multiplying the assessed valuation of each class and 382 383 subclass of property by the corresponding tax rate for such 384 class or subclass, then dividing the total tax revenue by the total assessed valuation of the same jurisdiction, and 385 then multiplying the resulting quotient by a factor of one 386 387 hundred. Where the taxing authority is a school district,

388 such blended rate shall also be used by such school district 389 for calculating revenue from state-assessed railroad and 390 utility property as defined in chapter 151 and for 391 apportioning the tax rate by purpose.

Each taxing authority proposing to levy a tax rate 392 (2)393 in any year shall notify the clerk of the county commission 394 in the county or counties where the tax rate applies of its 395 tax rate ceiling and its proposed tax rate. Each taxing 396 authority shall express its proposed tax rate in a fraction 397 equal to the nearest one-tenth of a cent, unless its proposed tax rate is in excess of one dollar, then one/one-398 399 hundredth of a cent. If a taxing authority shall round to one/one-hundredth of a cent, it shall round up a fraction 400 401 greater than or equal to five/one-thousandth of one cent to 402 the next higher one/one-hundredth of a cent; if a taxing 403 authority shall round to one-tenth of a cent, it shall round 404 up a fraction greater than or equal to five/one-hundredths of a cent to the next higher one-tenth of a cent. Any 405 406 taxing authority levying a property tax rate shall provide data, in such form as shall be prescribed by the state 407 auditor by rule, substantiating such tax rate complies with 408 409 Missouri law. All forms for the calculation of rates pursuant to this section shall be promulgated as a rule and 410 411 shall not be incorporated by reference. The state auditor 412 shall promulgate rules for any and all forms for the 413 calculation of rates pursuant to this section which do not 414 currently exist in rule form or that have been incorporated by reference. In addition, each taxing authority proposing 415 to levy a tax rate for debt service shall provide data, in 416 417 such form as shall be prescribed by the state auditor by rule, substantiating the tax rate for debt service complies 418 with Missouri law. A tax rate proposed for annual debt 419 420 service requirements will be prima facie valid if, after

421 making the payment for which the tax was levied, bonds 422 remain outstanding and the debt fund reserves do not exceed 423 the following year's payments. The county clerk shall keep 424 on file and available for public inspection all such 425 information for a period of three years. The clerk shall, 426 within three days of receipt, forward a copy of the notice of a taxing authority's tax rate ceiling and proposed tax 427 428 rate and any substantiating data to the state auditor. The 429 state auditor shall, within fifteen days of the date of 430 receipt, examine such information and return to the county clerk his or her findings as to compliance of the tax rate 431 ceiling with this section and as to compliance of any 432 proposed tax rate for debt service with Missouri law. 433 Ιf 434 the state auditor believes that a taxing authority's proposed tax rate does not comply with Missouri law, then 435 436 the state auditor's findings shall include a recalculated 437 tax rate, and the state auditor may request a taxing authority to submit documentation supporting such taxing 438 439 authority's proposed tax rate. The county clerk shall immediately forward a copy of the auditor's findings to the 440 441 taxing authority and shall file a copy of the findings with 442 the information received from the taxing authority. The taxing authority shall have fifteen days from the date of 443 444 receipt from the county clerk of the state auditor's 445 findings and any request for supporting documentation to 446 accept or reject in writing the rate change certified by the state auditor and to submit all requested information to the 447 state auditor. A copy of the taxing authority's acceptance 448 or rejection and any information submitted to the state 449 450 auditor shall also be mailed to the county clerk. If a 451 taxing authority rejects a rate change certified by the state auditor and the state auditor does not receive 452 453 supporting information which justifies the taxing

454 authority's original or any subsequent proposed tax rate, 455 then the state auditor shall refer the perceived violations 456 of such taxing authority to the attorney general's office 457 and the attorney general is authorized to obtain injunctive 458 relief to prevent the taxing authority from levying a 459 violative tax rate.

In the event that the taxing authority incorrectly 460 (3) 461 completes the forms created and promulgated under 462 subdivision (2) of this subsection, or makes a clerical 463 error, the taxing authority may submit amended forms with an 464 explanation for the needed changes. If such amended forms are filed under regulations prescribed by the state auditor, 465 the state auditor shall take into consideration such amended 466 467 forms for the purposes of this subsection.

468 7. No tax rate shall be extended on the tax rolls by
469 the county clerk unless the political subdivision has
470 complied with the foregoing provisions of this section.

471 8. Whenever a taxpayer has cause to believe that a 472 taxing authority has not complied with the provisions of this section, the taxpayer may make a formal complaint with 473 474 the prosecuting attorney of the county. Where the 475 prosecuting attorney fails to bring an action within ten 476 days of the filing of the complaint, the taxpayer may bring 477 a civil action pursuant to this section and institute an 478 action as representative of a class of all taxpayers within 479 a taxing authority if the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable, if there are questions of 480 law or fact common to the class, if the claims or defenses 481 of the representative parties are typical of the claims or 482 483 defenses of the class, and if the representative parties 484 will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class. In any class action maintained pursuant to this 485 486 section, the court may direct to the members of the class a

487 notice to be published at least once each week for four 488 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation 489 published in the county where the civil action is commenced and in other counties within the jurisdiction of a taxing 490 The notice shall advise each member that the 491 authority. 492 court will exclude him or her from the class if he or she so 493 requests by a specified date, that the judgment, whether 494 favorable or not, will include all members who do not 495 request exclusion, and that any member who does not request 496 exclusion may, if he or she desires, enter an appearance. 497 In any class action brought pursuant to this section, the court, in addition to the relief requested, shall assess 498 499 against the taxing authority found to be in violation of 500 this section the reasonable costs of bringing the action, 501 including reasonable attorney's fees, provided no attorney's 502 fees shall be awarded any attorney or association of 503 attorneys who receive public funds from any source for their services. Any action brought pursuant to this section shall 504 505 be set for hearing as soon as practicable after the cause is at issue. 506

507 9. If in any action, including a class action, the court issues an order requiring a taxing authority to revise 508 509 the tax rates as provided in this section or enjoins a 510 taxing authority from the collection of a tax because of its 511 failure to revise the rate of levy as provided in this section, any taxpayer paying his or her taxes when an 512 improper rate is applied has erroneously paid his or her 513 taxes in part, whether or not the taxes are paid under 514 protest as provided in section 139.031 or otherwise 515 516 contested. The part of the taxes paid erroneously is the difference in the amount produced by the original levy and 517 the amount produced by the revised levy. The township or 518 519 county collector of taxes or the collector of taxes in any

520 city shall refund the amount of the tax erroneously paid. 521 The taxing authority refusing to revise the rate of levy as 522 provided in this section shall make available to the 523 collector all funds necessary to make refunds pursuant to 524 this subsection. No taxpayer shall receive any interest on 525 any money erroneously paid by him or her pursuant to this subsection. Effective in the 1994 tax year, nothing in this 526 section shall be construed to require a taxing authority to 527 refund any tax erroneously paid prior to or during the third 528 529 tax year preceding the current tax year.

530 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 531 authority delegated in this section shall become effective 532 533 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 534 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 535 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 536 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 537 538 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 539 540 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 541 2004, shall be invalid and void.

137.115. 1. All other laws to the contrary 2 notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in 3 all counties of this state including the City of St. Louis 4 shall annually make a list of all real and tangible personal property taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or 5 district. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of 6 7 this section and section 137.078, the assessor shall 8 annually assess all personal property at thirty-three and one-third percent of its true value in money as of January 9 first of each calendar year. The assessor shall annually 10 11 assess all real property, including any new construction and

12 improvements to real property, and possessory interests in real property at the percent of its true value in money set 13 14 in subsection 5 of this section. The true value in money of any possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), 15 where such real property is on or lies within the ultimate 16 airport boundary as shown by a federal airport layout plan, 17 as defined by 14 CFR 151.5, of a commercial airport having a 18 19 FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political 20 subdivision, shall be the otherwise applicable true value in 21 money of any such possessory interest in real property, less the total dollar amount of costs paid by a party, other than 22 the political subdivision, towards any new construction or 23 24 improvements on such real property completed after January 1, 2008, and which are included in the above-mentioned 25 possessory interest, regardless of the year in which such 26 27 costs were incurred or whether such costs were considered in any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess all real 28 29 property in the following manner: new assessed values shall 30 be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered year and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same 31 assessed values shall apply in the following even-numbered 32 year, except for new construction and property improvements 33 which shall be valued as though they had been completed as 34 of January first of the preceding odd-numbered year. 35 The assessor may call at the office, place of doing business, or 36 37 residence of each person required by this chapter to list 38 property, and require the person to make a correct statement of all taxable tangible personal property owned by the 39 40 person or under his or her care, charge or management, taxable in the county. On or before January first of each 41 even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a 42 two-year assessment maintenance plan to the county governing 43 44 body and the state tax commission for their respective

45 approval or modification. The county governing body shall approve and forward such plan or its alternative to the plan 46 47 to the state tax commission by February first. If the county governing body fails to forward the plan or its 48 49 alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by 50 February first, the assessor's plan shall be considered approved by the county governing body. If the state tax 51 52 commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax commission and the assessor and the governing body of the 53 54 county involved are unable to resolve the differences, in order to receive state cost-share funds outlined in section 55 137.750, the county or the assessor shall petition the 56 57 administrative hearing commission, by May first, to decide all matters in dispute regarding the assessment maintenance 58 plan. Upon agreement of the parties, the matter may be 59 60 stayed while the parties proceed with mediation or 61 arbitration upon terms agreed to by the parties. The final decision of the administrative hearing commission shall be 62 63 subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the county involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) 64 real property within any county with a charter form of 65 government, or within a city not within a county, is made by 66 a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program, 67 the burden of proof, supported by clear, convincing and 68 69 cogent evidence to sustain such valuation, shall be on the 70 assessor at any hearing or appeal. In any such county, unless the assessor proves otherwise, there shall be a 71 72 presumption that the assessment was made by a computer, 73 computer-assisted method or a computer program. Such 74 evidence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the 75 following:

76 (1) The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal
77 of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques;
78 and

79 (2) The purchase prices from sales of at least three
80 comparable properties and the address or location thereof.
81 As used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means
82 that:

83 (a) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the84 property valuation; and

85 (b) Such properties are not more than one mile from the site of the disputed property, except where no similar 86 properties exist within one mile of the disputed property, 87 88 the nearest comparable property shall be used. Such property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of 89 the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in 90 91 age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant 92 characteristics.

93 2. Assessors in each county of this state and the City
94 of St. Louis may send personal property assessment forms
95 through the mail.

96 3. The following items of personal property shall each 97 constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal property 98 and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes of 99 taxation at the following percentages of their true value in 100 money:

101 (1) Grain and other agricultural crops in an102 unmanufactured condition, one-half of one percent;

103

(2) Livestock, twelve percent;

104

\_\_\_\_\_ Percent, encire percent,

10

(3) Farm machinery, twelve percent;

105 (4) Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration
106 as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to
107 section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five
108 years old and which are used solely for noncommercial

109 purposes and are operated less than [fifty] <u>two hundred</u> 110 hours per year or aircraft that are home built from a kit, 111 five percent;

112

## (5) Poultry, twelve percent; and

(6) Tools and equipment used for pollution control and tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of introducing new product lines or used for making improvements to existing products by any company which is located in a state enterprise zone and which is identified by any standard industrial classification number cited in subdivision (7) of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.

4. The person listing the property shall enter a true
and correct statement of the property, in a printed blank
prepared for that purpose. The statement, after being
filled out, shall be signed and either affirmed or sworn to
as provided in section 137.155. The list shall then be
delivered to the assessor.

126 5. (1) All subclasses of real property, as such
127 subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of
128 the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016,
129 shall be assessed at the following percentages of true value:

(a) For real property in subclass (1), nineteenpercent;

(b) For real property in subclass (2), twelve percent;and

134 (c) For real property in subclass (3), thirty-two135 percent.

(2) A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or,
if not located within a county, then the assessor of such
city, for the reclassification of such taxpayer's real
property if the use or purpose of such real property is
changed after such property is assessed under the provisions
of this chapter. If the assessor determines that such

142 property shall be reclassified, he or she shall determine 143 the assessment under this subsection based on the percentage 144 of the tax year that such property was classified in each 145 subclassification.

6. Manufactured homes, as defined in section 700.010, 146 147 which are actually used as dwelling units shall be assessed 148 at the same percentage of true value as residential real 149 property for the purpose of taxation. The percentage of assessment of true value for such manufactured homes shall 150 151 be the same as for residential real property. If the county 152 collector cannot identify or find the manufactured home when attempting to attach the manufactured home for payment of 153 154 taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the county 155 collector may request the county commission to have the 156 manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such 157 request shall be granted within thirty days after the request is made; however, the removal from the tax books 158 does not remove the tax lien on the manufactured home if it 159 160 is later identified or found. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located in a manufactured home rental 161 park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the 162 manufactured home owner shall be considered personal 163 property. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home 164 165 located on real estate owned by the manufactured home owner 166 may be considered real property.

167 7. Each manufactured home assessed shall be considered 168 a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement pursuant to 169 section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is real estate 170 as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015 and assessed 171 as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel.

172 8. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the
173 assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the
174 personal property tax statement of the manufactured home

owner unless the manufactured home is real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015, in which case the amount of tax due and owing on the assessment of the manufactured home as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel shall be included on the real property tax statement of the real estate owner.

The assessor of each county and each city not 181 9. 182 within a county shall use the trade-in value published in 183 the October issue of the National Automobile Dealers' 184 Association Official Used Car Guide, or its successor 185 publication, as the recommended guide of information for determining the true value of motor vehicles described in 186 such publication. The assessor shall not use a value that 187 188 is greater than the average trade-in value in determining 189 the true value of the motor vehicle without performing a 190 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For vehicles two 191 years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the assessor may use a value other than average without performing a 192 193 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of 194 a listing for a particular motor vehicle in such 195 publication, the assessor shall use such information or 196 publications which in the assessor's judgment will fairly 197 estimate the true value in money of the motor vehicle.

10. Before the assessor may increase the assessed
valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real property by
more than fifteen percent since the last assessment,
excluding increases due to new construction or improvements,
the assessor shall conduct a physical inspection of such
property.

11. If a physical inspection is required, pursuant to subsection 10 of this section, the assessor shall notify the property owner of that fact in writing and shall provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's rights relating to

208 the physical inspection. If a physical inspection is 209 required, the property owner may request that an interior 210 inspection be performed during the physical inspection. The 211 owner shall have no less than thirty days to notify the 212 assessor of a request for an interior physical inspection.

213 A physical inspection, as required by subsection 12. 10 of this section, shall include, but not be limited to, an 214 215 on-site personal observation and review of all exterior 216 portions of the land and any buildings and improvements to 217 which the inspector has or may reasonably and lawfully gain external access, and shall include an observation and review 218 of the interior of any buildings or improvements on the 219 220 property upon the timely request of the owner pursuant to 221 subsection 11 of this section. Mere observation of the 222 property via a drive-by inspection or the like shall not be 223 considered sufficient to constitute a physical inspection as 224 required by this section.

13. A county or city collector may accept credit cards 225 226 as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or license due. No county or city collector may charge 227 surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee 228 229 or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or issuer for its service. A county or city collector may 230 231 accept payment by electronic transfers of funds in payment 232 of any tax or license and charge the person making such 233 payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by the bank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment. 234

14. Any county or city not within a county in this state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body of such county, opt out of the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house

241 committee substitute for senate substitute for senate 242 committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second 243 general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of the general reassessment, prior to January first of any 244 No county or city not within a county shall exercise 245 year. 246 this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as 247 248 enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general 249 assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as 250 modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute 251 for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, in a 252 253 year of general reassessment. For the purposes of applying 254 the provisions of this subsection, a political subdivision 255 contained within two or more counties where at least one of 256 such counties has opted out and at least one of such 257 counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate as in effect prior to the enactment of house bill no. 1150 258 259 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session. A governing body of a city not within a county or 260 a county that has opted out under the provisions of this 261 subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this 262 section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as 263 264 enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general 265 assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as 266 modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, 267 ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for 268 the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative 269 270 vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of 271 any year.

272 15. The governing body of any city of the third273 classification with more than twenty-six thousand three

274 hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred 275 inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its 276 authority to opt out under subsection 14 of this section may 277 levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal 278 property only if such city bills and collects its own 279 property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. 280 281 Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such 282 city's tax rate ceiling.

283 16. Any portion of real property that is available as 284 reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that 285 286 has not been bonded and permitted under chapter 444 shall be 287 assessed based upon how the real property is currently being 288 used. Any information provided to a county assessor, state 289 tax commission, state agency, or political subdivision 290 responsible for the administration of tax policies shall, in the performance of its duties, make available all books, 291 292 records, and information requested, except such books, 293 records, and information as are by law declared confidential 294 in nature, including individually identifiable information 295 regarding a specific taxpayer or taxpayer's mine property. 296 For purposes of this subsection, "mine property" shall mean 297 all real property that is in use or readily available as a 298 reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for current or future use or sale to 299 others that has been bonded and permitted under chapter 444. 300

137.280. 1. Taxpayers' personal property lists,
except those of merchants and manufacturers, and except
those of railroads, public utilities, pipeline companies or
any other person or corporation subject to special statutory
requirements, such as chapter 151, who shall return and file
their assessments on locally assessed property no later than

7 April first, shall be delivered to the office of the 8 assessor of the county between the first day of January and 9 the first day of March each year and shall be signed and certified by the taxpayer as being a true and complete list 10 or statement of all the taxable tangible personal property. 11 12 If any person shall fail to deliver the required list to the assessor by the first day of March, the owner of the 13 14 property which ought to have been listed shall be assessed a 15 penalty added to the tax bill, based on the assessed value 16 of the property that was not reported, as follows:

17	Assessed Valuation		Penalty
18	0 –	\$1,000	\$15.00
19	\$1,001 -	\$2,000	\$25.00
20	\$2,001 -	\$3,000	\$35.00
21	\$3,001 -	\$4,000	\$45.00
22	\$4,001 -	\$5,000	\$55.00
23	\$5,001 -	\$6,000	\$65.00
24	\$6,001 -	\$7,000	\$75.00
25	\$7,001 -	\$8,000	\$85.00
26	\$8,001 -	\$9,000	\$95.00
27	\$9,001	and above	\$105.00

The assessor in any county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of one hundred thousand or more inhabitants which contains all or part of a city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants shall omit assessing the penalty in any case where he or she is satisfied the neglect

is unavoidable and not willful or falls into one of the following categories. The assessor in all other political subdivisions shall omit assessing the penalty in any case where he or she is satisfied the neglect falls into at least one of the following categories:

39 (1) The taxpayer is in military service and is outside40 the state;

41 (2) The taxpayer filed timely, but in the wrong county;
42 (3) There was a loss of records due to fire or flood;
43 (4) The taxpayer can show the list was mailed timely
44 as evidenced by the date of postmark;

45 (5) The assessor determines that no form for listing
46 personal property was mailed to the taxpayer for that tax
47 year; or

48 (6) The neglect occurred as a direct result of the
49 actions or inactions of the county or its employees or
50 contractors.

Between March first and April first, the assessor 51 2. 52 shall send to each taxpayer who was sent an assessment list for the current tax year, and said list was not returned to 53 the assessor, a second notice that statutes require the 54 assessment list be returned immediately. In the event the 55 taxpayer returns the assessment list to the assessor before 56 57 May first, the penalty described in subsection 1 of this section shall not apply. If said assessment list is not 58 59 returned before May first by the taxpayer, the penalty shall 60 apply.

3. It shall be the duty of the county commission and
assessor to place on the assessment rolls for the year all
personal property discovered in the calendar year which was
taxable on January first of that year.

4. If annual waivers exceed forty percent, then by
February first of each year, the assessor shall transmit to

67 the county employees' retirement fund an electronic or paper
68 copy of the log maintained under subsection 3 of section
69 50.1020 for the prior calendar year.

70 <u>5. An assessor may, upon request of a taxpayer, send</u>
71 <u>any assessment list or notice required by this section to</u>
72 such taxpayer in electronic form.

143.121. 1. The Missouri adjusted gross income of a
resident individual shall be the taxpayer's federal adjusted
gross income subject to the modifications in this section.
2. There shall be added to the taxpayer's federal

5 adjusted gross income:

The amount of any federal income tax refund 6 (1)received for a prior year which resulted in a Missouri 7 8 income tax benefit. The amount added pursuant to this 9 subdivision shall not include any amount of a federal income tax refund attributable to a tax credit reducing a 10 11 taxpayer's federal tax liability pursuant to Public Law 116-12 136 or 116-260, enacted by the 116th United States Congress, 13 for the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and ending on or before December 31, 2020, and deducted from 14 Missouri adjusted gross income pursuant to section 143.171. 15 16 The amount added under this subdivision shall also not include any amount of a federal income tax refund 17 attributable to a tax credit reducing a taxpayer's federal 18 19 tax liability under any other federal law that provides 20 direct economic impact payments to taxpayers to mitigate 21 financial challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic, and deducted from Missouri adjusted gross income under section 22 23 143.171;

(2) Interest on certain governmental obligations
excluded from federal gross income by 26 U.S.C. Section 103
of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The previous
sentence shall not apply to interest on obligations of the

28 state of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions or 29 authorities and shall not apply to the interest described in 30 subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. The amount added pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by the 31 amounts applicable to such interest that would have been 32 deductible in computing the taxable income of the taxpayer 33 except only for the application of 26 U.S.C. Section 265 of 34 35 the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The reduction shall only be made if it is at least five hundred dollars; 36

37 (3) The amount of any deduction that is included in the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 38 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended 39 by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 to the 40 extent the amount deducted relates to property purchased on 41 or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the 42 extent the amount deducted exceeds the amount that would 43 have been deductible pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of 44 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as in effect on January 1, 45 2002; 46

The amount of any deduction that is included in 47 (4) the computation of federal taxable income for net operating 48 loss allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172 of the Internal 49 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than the deduction 50 51 allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172(b)(1)(G) and 26 U.S.C. 52 Section 172(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 53 amended, for a net operating loss the taxpayer claims in the 54 tax year in which the net operating loss occurred or carries forward for a period of more than twenty years and carries 55 backward for more than two years. Any amount of net 56 57 operating loss taken against federal taxable income but disallowed for Missouri income tax purposes pursuant to this 58 subdivision after June 18, 2002, may be carried forward and 59 60 taken against any income on the Missouri income tax return

61 for a period of not more than twenty years from the year of 62 the initial loss; and

For nonresident individuals in all taxable years 63 (5) ending on or after December 31, 2006, the amount of any 64 property taxes paid to another state or a political 65 subdivision of another state for which a deduction was 66 allowed on such nonresident's federal return in the taxable 67 year unless such state, political subdivision of a state, or 68 69 the District of Columbia allows a subtraction from income 70 for property taxes paid to this state for purposes of calculating income for the income tax for such state, 71 political subdivision of a state, or the District of 72 Columbia: 73

(6) 74 For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous 75 taxable year, but allowed as a deduction under 26 U.S.C. 76 77 Section 163, as amended, in the current taxable year by reason of the carryforward of disallowed business interest 78 79 provisions of 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is 80 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year 81 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C. 82 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C. 83 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist. 84

85 3. There shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's
86 federal adjusted gross income the following amounts to the
87 extent included in federal adjusted gross income:

88 (1) Interest received on deposits held at a federal
89 reserve bank or interest or dividends on obligations of the
90 United States and its territories and possessions or of any
91 authority, commission or instrumentality of the United
92 States to the extent exempt from Missouri income taxes
93 pursuant to the laws of the United States. The amount

94 subtracted pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by 95 any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the described 96 obligations or securities and by any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in 97 98 this subdivision. The reduction in the previous sentence 99 shall only apply to the extent that such expenses including amortizable bond premiums are deducted in determining the 100 101 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or included in the 102 taxpayer's Missouri itemized deduction. The reduction shall 103 only be made if the expenses total at least five hundred 104 dollars;

The portion of any gain, from the sale or other 105 (2)106 disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis to 107 the taxpayer for Missouri income tax purposes than for 108 federal income tax purposes on December 31, 1972, that does 109 not exceed such difference in basis. If a gain is 110 considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to one-half of 111 112 such portion of the gain;

The amount necessary to prevent the taxation 113 (3) pursuant to this chapter of any annuity or other amount of 114 income or gain which was properly included in income or gain 115 and was taxed pursuant to the laws of Missouri for a taxable 116 117 year prior to January 1, 1973, to the taxpayer, or to a 118 decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the 119 right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate 120 from which the taxpayer received the income or gain;

121 (4) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer
122 as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are
123 included in federal adjusted gross income;

124 (5) The amount of any state income tax refund for a 125 prior year which was included in the federal adjusted gross 126 income;

127 (6) The portion of capital gain specified in section
128 135.357 that would otherwise be included in federal adjusted
129 gross income;

The amount that would have been deducted in the 130 (7)computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 131 132 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on 133 January 1, 2002, to the extent that amount relates to property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July 134 1, 2003, and to the extent that amount exceeds the amount 135 136 actually deducted pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the 137 Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002; 138

139 (8) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 140 2005, the amount of any income received for military service while the taxpayer serves in a combat zone which is included 141 in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise excluded 142 143 therefrom. As used in this section, "combat zone" means any area which the President of the United States by Executive 144 145 Order designates as an area in which Armed Forces of the 146 United States are or have engaged in combat. Service is performed in a combat zone only if performed on or after the 147 date designated by the President by Executive Order as the 148 date of the commencing of combat activities in such zone, 149 150 and on or before the date designated by the President by Executive Order as the date of the termination of combatant 151 152 activities in such zone;

(9) For all tax years ending on or after July 1, 2002, with respect to qualified property that is sold or otherwise disposed of during a taxable year by a taxpayer and for which an additional modification was made under subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section, the amount by which additional modification made under subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section on qualified property has not

160 been recovered through the additional subtractions provided 161 in subdivision (7) of this subsection;

(10) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the amount of any income received as payment from any program which provides compensation to agricultural producers who have suffered a loss as the result of a disaster or emergency, including the:

167

(a) Livestock Forage Disaster Program;

168 (b) Livestock Indemnity Program;

169 (c) Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and 170 Farm-Raised Fish;

171

(d) Emergency Conservation Program;

172 (e) Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program;

173 (f) Pasture, Rangeland, Forage Pilot Insurance Program;

174 (g) Annual Forage Pilot Program;

175 (h) Livestock Risk Protection Insurance Plan; and

176

(i) Livestock Gross Margin Insurance Plan; and

177

178

179

(11) For all tax years beginning on or after January1, 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in the currenttaxable year, but not deducted as a result of the limitation

180 imposed under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the 181 purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is 182 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year 183 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C. 184 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C. 185 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist.

186 4. There shall be added to or subtracted from the187 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's

188 share of the Missouri fiduciary adjustment provided in 189 section 143.351.

190 5. There shall be added to or subtracted from the191 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the modifications192 provided in section 143.411.

193 6. In addition to the modifications to a taxpayer's 194 federal adjusted gross income in this section, to calculate 195 Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be subtracted 196 from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income any gain 197 recognized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 1033 of the 198 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, arising from compulsory or involuntary conversion of property as a result 199 200 of condemnation or the imminence thereof.

7. (1) As used in this subsection, "qualified health
insurance premium" means the amount paid during the tax year
by such taxpayer for any insurance policy primarily
providing health care coverage for the taxpayer, the
taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's dependents.

206 In addition to the subtractions in subsection 3 of (2)207 this section, one hundred percent of the amount of qualified 208 health insurance premiums shall be subtracted from the 209 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid for such premiums is included in federal taxable 210 211 income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of revenue with proof of the amount of qualified health 212 insurance premiums paid. 213

214 8. Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to the (1) subtractions provided in this section, one hundred percent 215 216 of the cost incurred by a taxpayer for a home energy audit conducted by an entity certified by the department of 217 natural resources under section 640.153 or the 218 implementation of any energy efficiency recommendations made 219 in such an audit shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's 220 221 federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid 222 for any such activity is included in federal taxable 223 The taxpayer shall provide the department of income. 224 revenue with a summary of any recommendations made in a 225 qualified home energy audit, the name and certification

number of the qualified home energy auditor who conducted the audit, and proof of the amount paid for any activities under this subsection for which a deduction is claimed. The taxpayer shall also provide a copy of the summary of any recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit to the department of natural resources.

(2) At no time shall a deduction claimed under this
subsection by an individual taxpayer or taxpayers filing
combined returns exceed one thousand dollars per year for
individual taxpayers or cumulatively exceed two thousand
dollars per year for taxpayers filing combined returns.

237 Any deduction claimed under this subsection shall (3) be claimed for the tax year in which the qualified home 238 239 energy audit was conducted or in which the implementation of 240 the energy efficiency recommendations occurred. Ιf 241 implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations 242 occurred during more than one year, the deduction may be claimed in more than one year, subject to the limitations 243 provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection. 244

(4) A deduction shall not be claimed for any otherwise
eligible activity under this subsection if such activity
qualified for and received any rebate or other incentive
through a state-sponsored energy program or through an
electric corporation, gas corporation, electric cooperative,
or municipally owned utility.

251 9. The provisions of subsection 8 of this section252 shall expire on December 31, 2020.

143.171. 1. For all tax years beginning on or after
January 1, 1994, and ending on or before December 31, 2018,
an individual taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for his
or her federal income tax liability under Chapter 1 of the
Internal Revenue Code for the same taxable year for which
the Missouri return is being filed, not to exceed five

7 thousand dollars on a single taxpayer's return or ten 8 thousand dollars on a combined return, after reduction for 9 all credits thereon, except the credit for payments of 10 federal estimated tax, the credit for the overpayment of any 11 federal tax, and the credits allowed by the Internal Revenue 12 Code by 26 U.S.C. Section 31, 26 U.S.C. Section 27, and 26 13 U.S.C. Section 34.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to 14 2. the contrary, for all tax years beginning on or after 15 16 January 1, 2019, an individual taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction equal to a percentage of his or her federal income 17 tax liability under Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code 18 for the same taxable year for which the Missouri return is 19 being filed, not to exceed five thousand dollars on a single 20 taxpayer's return or ten thousand dollars on a combined 21 return, after reduction for all credits thereon, except the 22 23 credit for payments of federal estimated tax, the credit for the overpayment of any federal tax, and the credits allowed 24 by the Internal Revenue Code by 26 U.S.C. Section 31, 26 25 U.S.C. Section 27, and 26 U.S.C. Section 34. The deduction 26 27 percentage is determined according to the following table:

28 29	If the Missouri gross income on the return is:	The deduction percentage is:
30	\$25,000 or less	35 percent
31	From \$25,001 to \$50,000	25 percent
32	From \$50,001 to \$100,000	15 percent
33	From \$100,001 to \$125,000	5 percent
34	\$125,001 or more	0 percent

35 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the36 contrary, the amount of any tax credits reducing a

37 taxpayer's federal tax liability pursuant to Public Law 116-38 136 or 116-260, enacted by the 116th United States Congress, 39 for the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and ending on or before December 31, 2020, and the amount of any 40 tax credits reducing a taxpayer's federal tax liability 41 42 under any other federal law that provides direct economic 43 impact payments to taxpayers to mitigate financial 44 challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic shall not be considered in determining a taxpayer's federal tax liability 45 46 for the purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection.

47 3. For all tax years beginning on or after September 1, 1993, a corporate taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction 48 for fifty percent of its federal income tax liability under 49 50 Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code for the same taxable 51 year for which the Missouri return is being filed after reduction for all credits thereon, except the credit for 52 payments of federal estimated tax, the credit for the 53 overpayment of any federal tax, and the credits allowed by 54 the Internal Revenue Code by 26 U.S.C. Section 31, 26 U.S.C. 55 Section 27, and 26 U.S.C. Section 34. 56

4. If a federal income tax liability for a tax year
prior to the applicability of sections 143.011 to 143.996
for which he was not previously entitled to a Missouri
deduction is later paid or accrued, he may deduct the
federal tax in the later year to the extent it would have
been deductible if paid or accrued in the prior year.

190.839. Sections 190.800 to 190.839 shall expire on 2 September 30, [2021] <u>2022</u>.

198.439. Sections 198.401 to 198.436 shall expire on 2 September 30, [2021] <u>2022</u>.

208.152. 1. MO HealthNet payments shall be made on
2 behalf of those eligible needy persons as described in
3 section 208.151 who are unable to provide for it in whole or

4 in part, with any payments to be made on the basis of the
5 reasonable cost of the care or reasonable charge for the
6 services as defined and determined by the MO HealthNet
7 division, unless otherwise hereinafter provided, for the
8 following:

9 Inpatient hospital services, except to persons in (1)10 an institution for mental diseases who are under the age of 11 sixty-five years and over the age of twenty-one years; provided that the MO HealthNet division shall provide 12 13 through rule and regulation an exception process for coverage of inpatient costs in those cases requiring 14 treatment beyond the seventy-fifth percentile professional 15 16 activities study (PAS) or the MO HealthNet children's diagnosis length-of-stay schedule; and provided further that 17 the MO HealthNet division shall take into account through 18 its payment system for hospital services the situation of 19 20 hospitals which serve a disproportionate number of low-21 income patients;

22 (2) All outpatient hospital services, payments therefor to be in amounts which represent no more than 23 eighty percent of the lesser of reasonable costs or 24 25 customary charges for such services, determined in accordance with the principles set forth in Title XVIII A 26 27 and B, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq.), but 28 29 the MO HealthNet division may evaluate outpatient hospital services rendered under this section and deny payment for 30 services which are determined by the MO HealthNet division 31 not to be medically necessary, in accordance with federal 32 law and regulations; 33

- 34
- (3) Laboratory and X-ray services;

35 (4) Nursing home services for participants, except to36 persons with more than five hundred thousand dollars equity

37 in their home or except for persons in an institution for mental diseases who are under the age of sixty-five years, 38 39 when residing in a hospital licensed by the department of health and senior services or a nursing home licensed by the 40 department of health and senior services or appropriate 41 42 licensing authority of other states or government-owned and operated institutions which are determined to conform to 43 44 standards equivalent to licensing requirements in Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301, 45 46 et seq.), as amended, for nursing facilities. The MO HealthNet division may recognize through its payment 47 methodology for nursing facilities those nursing facilities 48 49 which serve a high volume of MO HealthNet patients. The MO HealthNet division when determining the amount of the 50 benefit payments to be made on behalf of persons under the 51 52 age of twenty-one in a nursing facility may consider nursing facilities furnishing care to persons under the age of 53 twenty-one as a classification separate from other nursing 54 facilities; 55

Nursing home costs for participants receiving 56 (5) benefit payments under subdivision (4) of this subsection 57 for those days, which shall not exceed twelve per any period 58 of six consecutive months, during which the participant is 59 60 on a temporary leave of absence from the hospital or nursing home, provided that no such participant shall be allowed a 61 62 temporary leave of absence unless it is specifically provided for in his plan of care. As used in this 63 subdivision, the term "temporary leave of absence" shall 64 include all periods of time during which a participant is 65 away from the hospital or nursing home overnight because he 66 is visiting a friend or relative; 67

68 (6) Physicians' services, whether furnished in the69 office, home, hospital, nursing home, or elsewhere;

70 (7)Subject to appropriation, up to twenty visits per 71 year for services limited to examinations, diagnoses, 72 adjustments, and manipulations and treatments of malpositioned articulations and structures of the body 73 provided by licensed chiropractic physicians practicing 74 75 within their scope of practice. Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted to otherwise expand MO HealthNet 76 77 services;

78 (8) Drugs and medicines when prescribed by a licensed 79 physician, dentist, podiatrist, or an advanced practice registered nurse; except that no payment for drugs and 80 medicines prescribed on and after January 1, 2006, by a 81 82 licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist, or an advanced practice registered nurse may be made on behalf of any 83 person who qualifies for prescription drug coverage under 84 85 the provisions of P.L. 108-173;

86 (9) Emergency ambulance services and, effective
87 January 1, 1990, medically necessary transportation to
88 scheduled, physician-prescribed nonelective treatments;

Early and periodic screening and diagnosis of 89 (10)individuals who are under the age of twenty-one to ascertain 90 their physical or mental defects, and health care, 91 92 treatment, and other measures to correct or ameliorate 93 defects and chronic conditions discovered thereby. Such services shall be provided in accordance with the provisions 94 of Section 6403 of P.L. 101-239 and federal regulations 95 96 promulgated thereunder;

97

(11) Home health care services;

98 (12) Family planning as defined by federal rules and 99 regulations; provided, however, that such family planning 100 services shall not include:

(a) Abortions unless such abortions are certified in
 writing by a physician to the MO HealthNet agency that, in

103 the physician's professional judgment, the life of the 104 mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to 105 term; and

106 (b) Any drug or device approved by the federal Food 107 and Drug Administration that may cause the destruction of, 108 or prevent the implantation of, an unborn child, as defined 109 in section 188.015;

(13) Inpatient psychiatric hospital services for individuals under age twenty-one as defined in Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 1396d, et seq.);

(14)Outpatient surgical procedures, including 114 115 presurgical diagnostic services performed in ambulatory surgical facilities which are licensed by the department of 116 117 health and senior services of the state of Missouri; except, 118 that such outpatient surgical services shall not include 119 persons who are eligible for coverage under Part B of Title XVIII, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal 120 Social Security Act, as amended, if exclusion of such 121 persons is permitted under Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 122 123 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, as amended;

124 Personal care services which are medically (15)oriented tasks having to do with a person's physical 125 126 requirements, as opposed to housekeeping requirements, which 127 enable a person to be treated by his or her physician on an 128 outpatient rather than on an inpatient or residential basis in a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled 129 nursing facility. Personal care services shall be rendered 130 by an individual not a member of the participant's family 131 132 who is qualified to provide such services where the services are prescribed by a physician in accordance with a plan of 133 treatment and are supervised by a licensed nurse. Persons 134 135 eligible to receive personal care services shall be those

136 persons who would otherwise require placement in a hospital, 137 intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility. 138 Benefits payable for personal care services shall not exceed for any one participant one hundred percent of the average 139 140 statewide charge for care and treatment in an intermediate 141 care facility for a comparable period of time. Such services, when delivered in a residential care facility or 142 143 assisted living facility licensed under chapter 198 shall be 144 authorized on a tier level based on the services the 145 resident requires and the frequency of the services. А resident of such facility who qualifies for assistance under 146 section 208.030 shall, at a minimum, if prescribed by a 147 physician, qualify for the tier level with the fewest 148 149 services. The rate paid to providers for each tier of 150 service shall be set subject to appropriations. Subject to 151 appropriations, each resident of such facility who qualifies 152 for assistance under section 208.030 and meets the level of care required in this section shall, at a minimum, if 153 154 prescribed by a physician, be authorized up to one hour of personal care services per day. Authorized units of 155 personal care services shall not be reduced or tier level 156 157 lowered unless an order approving such reduction or lowering is obtained from the resident's personal physician. 158 Such 159 authorized units of personal care services or tier level 160 shall be transferred with such resident if he or she 161 transfers to another such facility. Such provision shall 162 terminate upon receipt of relevant waivers from the federal Department of Health and Human Services. If the Centers for 163 Medicare and Medicaid Services determines that such 164 165 provision does not comply with the state plan, this provision shall be null and void. The MO HealthNet division 166 shall notify the revisor of statutes as to whether the 167

168 relevant waivers are approved or a determination of 169 noncompliance is made;

Mental health services. The state plan for 170 (16)171 providing medical assistance under Title XIX of the Social 172 Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 301, as amended, shall 173 include the following mental health services when such 174 services are provided by community mental health facilities 175 operated by the department of mental health or designated by 176 the department of mental health as a community mental health 177 facility or as an alcohol and drug abuse facility or as a 178 child-serving agency within the comprehensive children's mental health service system established in section 179 630.097. The department of mental health shall establish by 180 administrative rule the definition and criteria for 181 182 designation as a community mental health facility and for designation as an alcohol and drug abuse facility. Such 183 184 mental health services shall include:

(a) Outpatient mental health services including 185 186 preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, and palliative interventions rendered to individuals in an 187 individual or group setting by a mental health professional 188 189 in accordance with a plan of treatment appropriately established, implemented, monitored, and revised under the 190 191 auspices of a therapeutic team as a part of client services 192 management;

193 (b) Clinic mental health services including 194 preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, and palliative interventions rendered to individuals in an 195 196 individual or group setting by a mental health professional 197 in accordance with a plan of treatment appropriately 198 established, implemented, monitored, and revised under the auspices of a therapeutic team as a part of client services 199 200 management;

201 (c) Rehabilitative mental health and alcohol and drug 202 abuse services including home and community-based 203 preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, and palliative interventions rendered to individuals in an 204 205 individual or group setting by a mental health or alcohol 206 and drug abuse professional in accordance with a plan of treatment appropriately established, implemented, monitored, 207 208 and revised under the auspices of a therapeutic team as a 209 part of client services management. As used in this 210 section, mental health professional and alcohol and drug abuse professional shall be defined by the department of 211 mental health pursuant to duly promulgated rules. With 212 213 respect to services established by this subdivision, the 214 department of social services, MO HealthNet division, shall 215 enter into an agreement with the department of mental 216 health. Matching funds for outpatient mental health 217 services, clinic mental health services, and rehabilitation services for mental health and alcohol and drug abuse shall 218 219 be certified by the department of mental health to the MO 220 HealthNet division. The agreement shall establish a mechanism for the joint implementation of the provisions of 221 222 this subdivision. In addition, the agreement shall 223 establish a mechanism by which rates for services may be 224 jointly developed;

(17) Such additional services as defined by the MO HealthNet division to be furnished under waivers of federal statutory requirements as provided for and authorized by the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq.) subject to appropriation by the general assembly;

(18) The services of an advanced practice registered
nurse with a collaborative practice agreement to the extent
that such services are provided in accordance with chapters
334 and 335, and regulations promulgated thereunder;

(19) Nursing home costs for participants receiving
benefit payments under subdivision (4) of this subsection to
reserve a bed for the participant in the nursing home during
the time that the participant is absent due to admission to
a hospital for services which cannot be performed on an
outpatient basis, subject to the provisions of this
subdivision:

(a) The provisions of this subdivision shall applyonly if:

a. The occupancy rate of the nursing home is at or
above ninety-seven percent of MO HealthNet certified
licensed beds, according to the most recent quarterly census
provided to the department of health and senior services
which was taken prior to when the participant is admitted to
the hospital; and

249 b. The patient is admitted to a hospital for a medical250 condition with an anticipated stay of three days or less;

(b) The payment to be made under this subdivision shall be provided for a maximum of three days per hospital stay;

(c) For each day that nursing home costs are paid on
behalf of a participant under this subdivision during any
period of six consecutive months such participant shall,
during the same period of six consecutive months, be
ineligible for payment of nursing home costs of two
otherwise available temporary leave of absence days provided
under subdivision (5) of this subsection; and

(d) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply unless the nursing home receives notice from the participant or the participant's responsible party that the participant intends to return to the nursing home following the hospital stay. If the nursing home receives such notification and all other provisions of this subsection have been satisfied,
267 the nursing home shall provide notice to the participant or 268 the participant's responsible party prior to release of the 269 reserved bed;

(20) Prescribed medically necessary durable medical equipment. An electronic web-based prior authorization system using best medical evidence and care and treatment guidelines consistent with national standards shall be used to verify medical need;

Hospice care. As used in this subdivision, the 275 (21)276 term "hospice care" means a coordinated program of active 277 professional medical attention within a home, outpatient and inpatient care which treats the terminally ill patient and 278 279 family as a unit, employing a medically directed 280 interdisciplinary team. The program provides relief of 281 severe pain or other physical symptoms and supportive care 282 to meet the special needs arising out of physical, 283 psychological, spiritual, social, and economic stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness, 284 285 and during dying and bereavement and meets the Medicare requirements for participation as a hospice as are provided 286 in 42 CFR Part 418. The rate of reimbursement paid by the 287 MO HealthNet division to the hospice provider for room and 288 289 board furnished by a nursing home to an eligible hospice 290 patient shall not be less than ninety-five percent of the 291 rate of reimbursement which would have been paid for 292 facility services in that nursing home facility for that patient, in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 6408 293 of P.L. 101-239 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989); 294

(22) Prescribed medically necessary dental services.
Such services shall be subject to appropriations. An
electronic web-based prior authorization system using best
medical evidence and care and treatment guidelines

299 consistent with national standards shall be used to verify 300 medical need;

301 (23) Prescribed medically necessary optometric 302 services. Such services shall be subject to 303 appropriations. An electronic web-based prior authorization 304 system using best medical evidence and care and treatment 305 guidelines consistent with national standards shall be used 306 to verify medical need;

307 (24) Blood clotting products-related services. For 308 persons diagnosed with a bleeding disorder, as defined in 309 section 338.400, reliant on blood clotting products, as 310 defined in section 338.400, such services include:

311 (a) Home delivery of blood clotting products and 312 ancillary infusion equipment and supplies, including the 313 emergency deliveries of the product when medically necessary;

314 (b) Medically necessary ancillary infusion equipment
315 and supplies required to administer the blood clotting
316 products; and

317 (c) Assessments conducted in the participant's home by 318 a pharmacist, nurse, or local home health care agency 319 trained in bleeding disorders when deemed necessary by the 320 participant's treating physician;

321 The MO HealthNet division shall, by January 1, (25)322 2008, and annually thereafter, report the status of MO 323 HealthNet provider reimbursement rates as compared to one 324 hundred percent of the Medicare reimbursement rates and 325 compared to the average dental reimbursement rates paid by third-party payors licensed by the state. The MO HealthNet 326 division shall, by July 1, 2008, provide to the general 327 328 assembly a four-year plan to achieve parity with Medicare 329 reimbursement rates and for third-party payor average dental reimbursement rates. Such plan shall be subject to 330 331 appropriation and the division shall include in its annual

332 budget request to the governor the necessary funding needed 333 to complete the four-year plan developed under this 334 subdivision.

335 2. Additional benefit payments for medical assistance 336 shall be made on behalf of those eligible needy children, 337 pregnant women and blind persons with any payments to be 338 made on the basis of the reasonable cost of the care or 339 reasonable charge for the services as defined and determined 340 by the MO HealthNet division, unless otherwise hereinafter 341 provided, for the following:

342

(1) Dental services;

343 (2) Services of podiatrists as defined in section344 330.010;

345 (3) Optometric services as described in section 346 336.010;

347 (4) Orthopedic devices or other prosthetics, including348 eye glasses, dentures, hearing aids, and wheelchairs;

Hospice care. As used in this subdivision, the 349 (5) 350 term "hospice care" means a coordinated program of active professional medical attention within a home, outpatient and 351 352 inpatient care which treats the terminally ill patient and family as a unit, employing a medically directed 353 354 interdisciplinary team. The program provides relief of 355 severe pain or other physical symptoms and supportive care 356 to meet the special needs arising out of physical, psychological, spiritual, social, and economic stresses 357 358 which are experienced during the final stages of illness, and during dying and bereavement and meets the Medicare 359 360 requirements for participation as a hospice as are provided 361 in 42 CFR Part 418. The rate of reimbursement paid by the MO HealthNet division to the hospice provider for room and 362 board furnished by a nursing home to an eligible hospice 363 364 patient shall not be less than ninety-five percent of the

365 rate of reimbursement which would have been paid for 366 facility services in that nursing home facility for that 367 patient, in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 6408 368 of P.L. 101-239 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989);

369 (6) Comprehensive day rehabilitation services 370 beginning early posttrauma as part of a coordinated system of care for individuals with disabling impairments. 371 372 Rehabilitation services must be based on an individualized, 373 goal-oriented, comprehensive and coordinated treatment plan 374 developed, implemented, and monitored through an interdisciplinary assessment designed to restore an 375 individual to optimal level of physical, cognitive, and 376 behavioral function. The MO HealthNet division shall 377 378 establish by administrative rule the definition and criteria 379 for designation of a comprehensive day rehabilitation service facility, benefit limitations and payment 380 381 mechanism. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 382 383 authority delegated in this subdivision shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of 384 the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 385 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 386 387 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 388 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 389 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 390 391 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2005, shall be invalid and void. 392

393 3. The MO HealthNet division may require any 394 participant receiving MO HealthNet benefits to pay part of 395 the charge or cost until July 1, 2008, and an additional 396 payment after July 1, 2008, as defined by rule duly 397 promulgated by the MO HealthNet division, for all covered

398 services except for those services covered under 399 subdivisions (15) and (16) of subsection 1 of this section and sections 208.631 to 208.657 to the extent and in the 400 401 manner authorized by Title XIX of the federal Social 402 Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 1396, et seq.) and 403 regulations thereunder. When substitution of a generic drug 404 is permitted by the prescriber according to section 338.056, 405 and a generic drug is substituted for a name-brand drug, the 406 MO HealthNet division may not lower or delete the 407 requirement to make a co-payment pursuant to regulations of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act. A provider of 408 goods or services described under this section must collect 409 410 from all participants the additional payment that may be required by the MO HealthNet division under authority 411 412 granted herein, if the division exercises that authority, to remain eligible as a provider. Any payments made by 413 414 participants under this section shall be in addition to and 415 not in lieu of payments made by the state for goods or 416 services described herein except the participant portion of the pharmacy professional dispensing fee shall be in 417 addition to and not in lieu of payments to pharmacists. 418 А 419 provider may collect the co-payment at the time a service is provided or at a later date. A provider shall not refuse to 420 421 provide a service if a participant is unable to pay a 422 required payment. If it is the routine business practice of 423 a provider to terminate future services to an individual with an unclaimed debt, the provider may include uncollected 424 co-payments under this practice. Providers who elect not to 425 undertake the provision of services based on a history of 426 427 bad debt shall give participants advance notice and a 428 reasonable opportunity for payment. A provider, representative, employee, independent contractor, or agent 429 430 of a pharmaceutical manufacturer shall not make co-payment

431 for a participant. This subsection shall not apply to other 432 qualified children, pregnant women, or blind persons. Ιf 433 the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services does not approve the MO HealthNet state plan amendment submitted by 434 435 the department of social services that would allow a 436 provider to deny future services to an individual with uncollected co-payments, the denial of services shall not be 437 438 allowed. The department of social services shall inform providers regarding the acceptability of denying services as 439 440 the result of unpaid co-payments.

441 4. The MO HealthNet division shall have the right to
442 collect medication samples from participants in order to
443 maintain program integrity.

444 5. Reimbursement for obstetrical and pediatric services under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this 445 section shall be timely and sufficient to enlist enough 446 447 health care providers so that care and services are available under the state plan for MO HealthNet benefits at 448 least to the extent that such care and services are 449 available to the general population in the geographic area, 450 as required under subparagraph (a) (30) (A) of 42 U.S.C. 451 452 Section 1396a and federal regulations promulgated thereunder.

6. Beginning July 1, 1990, reimbursement for services
rendered in federally funded health centers shall be in
accordance with the provisions of subsection 6402(c) and
Section 6404 of P.L. 101-239 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation
Act of 1989) and federal regulations promulgated thereunder.

458 7. Beginning July 1, 1990, the department of social 459 services shall provide notification and referral of children 460 below age five, and pregnant, breast-feeding, or postpartum 461 women who are determined to be eligible for MO HealthNet 462 benefits under section 208.151 to the special supplemental 463 food programs for women, infants and children administered

464 by the department of health and senior services. Such 465 notification and referral shall conform to the requirements 466 of Section 6406 of P.L. 101-239 and regulations promulgated 467 thereunder.

8. Providers of long-term care services shall be
reimbursed for their costs in accordance with the provisions
of Section 1902 (a) (13) (A) of the Social Security Act, 42
U.S.C. Section 1396a, as amended, and regulations
promulgated thereunder.

9. Reimbursement rates to long-term care providers
with respect to a total change in ownership, at arm's
length, for any facility previously licensed and certified
for participation in the MO HealthNet program shall not
increase payments in excess of the increase that would
result from the application of Section 1902 (a) (13) (C) of
the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a (a) (13) (C).

480 10. The MO HealthNet division may enroll qualified
481 residential care facilities and assisted living facilities,
482 as defined in chapter 198, as MO HealthNet personal care
483 providers.

484 11. Any income earned by individuals eligible for
485 certified extended employment at a sheltered workshop under
486 chapter 178 shall not be considered as income for purposes
487 of determining eligibility under this section.

488 12. If the Missouri Medicaid audit and compliance unit 489 changes any interpretation or application of the requirements for reimbursement for MO HealthNet services 490 from the interpretation or application that has been applied 491 previously by the state in any audit of a MO HealthNet 492 493 provider, the Missouri Medicaid audit and compliance unit 494 shall notify all affected MO HealthNet providers five business days before such change shall take effect. Failure 495 496 of the Missouri Medicaid audit and compliance unit to notify

497 a provider of such change shall entitle the provider to 498 continue to receive and retain reimbursement until such notification is provided and shall waive any liability of 499 500 such provider for recoupment or other loss of any payments 501 previously made prior to the five business days after such 502 notice has been sent. Each provider shall provide the Missouri Medicaid audit and compliance unit a valid email 503 504 address and shall agree to receive communications 505 electronically. The notification required under this 506 section shall be delivered in writing by the United States 507 Postal Service or electronic mail to each provider.

508 13. Nothing in this section shall be construed to 509 abrogate or limit the department's statutory requirement to 510 promulgate rules under chapter 536.

511 Beginning July 1, 2016, and subject to 14. appropriations, providers of behavioral, social, and 512 513 psychophysiological services for the prevention, treatment, or management of physical health problems shall be 514 515 reimbursed utilizing the behavior assessment and intervention reimbursement codes 96150 to 96154 or their 516 517 successor codes under the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) coding system. Providers eligible for such 518 519 reimbursement shall include psychologists.

208.437. 1. A Medicaid managed care organization reimbursement allowance period as provided in sections 2 3 208.431 to 208.437 shall be from the first day of July to 4 the thirtieth day of June. The department shall notify each Medicaid managed care organization with a balance due on the 5 thirtieth day of June of each year the amount of such 6 7 balance due. If any managed care organization fails to pay its managed care organization reimbursement allowance within 8 thirty days of such notice, the reimbursement allowance 9

shall be delinquent. The reimbursement allowance may remainunpaid during an appeal.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, if 12 2. any reimbursement allowance imposed under the provisions of 13 sections 208.431 to 208.437 is unpaid and delinquent, the 14 department of social services may compel the payment of such 15 reimbursement allowance in the circuit court having 16 17 jurisdiction in the county where the main offices of the Medicaid managed care organization are located. 18 In 19 addition, the director of the department of social services 20 or the director's designee may cancel or refuse to issue, extend or reinstate a Medicaid contract agreement to any 21 22 Medicaid managed care organization which fails to pay such delinquent reimbursement allowance required by sections 23 24 208.431 to 208.437 unless under appeal.

25 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 26 failure to pay a delinquent reimbursement allowance imposed under sections 208.431 to 208.437 shall be grounds for 27 28 denial, suspension or revocation of a license granted by the department of commerce and insurance. The director of the 29 30 department of commerce and insurance may deny, suspend or revoke the license of a Medicaid managed care organization 31 32 with a contract under 42 U.S.C. Section 1396b(m) which fails 33 to pay a managed care organization's delinquent 34 reimbursement allowance unless under appeal.

4. Nothing in sections 208.431 to 208.437 shall be
deemed to effect or in any way limit the tax-exempt or
nonprofit status of any Medicaid managed care organization
with a contract under 42 U.S.C. Section 1396b(m) granted by
state law.

40 5. Sections 208.431 to 208.437 shall expire on
41 September 30, [2021] 2022.

208.480. Notwithstanding the provisions of section
208.471 to the contrary, sections 208.453 to 208.480 shall
3 expire on September 30, [2021] <u>2022</u>.

	261.021. 1. As used in this section, the term
2	"socially disadvantaged community" means an area containing
3	a group of individuals whose members have been subjected to
4	racial or ethnic prejudice because of the identity of such
5	individuals as members of a group without regard to the
6	individual qualities of such individuals.
7	2. There is hereby created within the department of
8	agriculture the "Socially Disadvantaged Communities Outreach
9	Program" to connect historically unserved and underserved
10	urban communities with access to healthy fresh food and
11	knowledge and skills related to food production.
12	3. The outreach program shall:
13	(1) Provide financial assistance for people growing
14	food in socially disadvantaged communities through programs
15	such as those authorized in section 135.1610;
16	(2) Encourage activities that support and promote
17	urban agriculture in socially disadvantaged communities;
18	(3) Provide educational and skills training related to
19	food production in socially disadvantaged communities; and
20	(4) Address food deserts in urban socially
21	disadvantaged communities.
22	4. The department shall designate an employee to
23	administer and monitor the socially disadvantaged
24	communities outreach program and to serve as a liaison to
25	affected communities. The duties of such employee shall
26	include, but not be limited to:
27	(1) Providing leadership at the state level to
28	encourage participation in programs to meet the goals under
29	subsections 2 and 3 of this section;

30 (2) Conducting workshops and other sessions that 31 provide educational and skills training related to food 32 production to residents of socially disadvantaged communities; and 33 34 Seeking grants, private donations, or other (3) 35 funding sources to support the socially disadvantaged communities outreach program. 36 37 5. On or before December thirty-first of each year, 38 the department shall submit a report to the general assembly 39 detailing the number of residents who received training 40 under this section, the number of tax credits issued under section 135.1610, and any recommendations for legislative 41 42 action to improve the program.

288.132. 1. There is hereby created in the state 2 treasury the "Unemployment Automation Fund", which shall 3 consist of money collected under subsection 1 of section 4 [288.131] 288.133, and such other state funds appropriated by the general assembly. The state treasurer shall be 5 6 custodian of the fund and may approve disbursements from the 7 fund in accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180. Upon 8 appropriation, money in the fund shall be used solely for 9 the purpose of providing automated systems, and the payment 10 of associated costs, to improve the administration of the 11 state's unemployment insurance program. Notwithstanding the 12 provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, all moneys 13 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state 14 treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner 15 as other funds are invested. Any interest and money earned 16 17 on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

18 2. The unemployment automation fund shall not be used
19 in whole or in part for any purpose or in any manner that
20 would permit its substitution for, or a corresponding

21 reduction in, federal funds that would be available in its 22 absence to finance expenditures for the administration of 23 this chapter, or cause the appropriate agency of the United 24 States government to withhold any part of an administrative 25 grant which would otherwise be made.

288.133. 1. Each employer liable for contributions under this chapter, except for any employer with a 2 contribution rate equal to zero, shall pay an annual 3 4 unemployment automation adjustment in an amount equal to 5 fifteen-thousandths of one percent of such employer's total taxable wages for the twelve-month period ending the 6 7 preceding June thirtieth. 8 2. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section to the 9 contrary, the division may reduce the automation adjustment percentage to ensure that the total amount of adjustment due 10 from all employers under this section shall not exceed five 11 12 million dollars annually. 13 3. Each employer required to pay an automation 14 adjustment shall be notified of the amount due under this 15 section by March thirty-first of each year, and such amount shall be considered delinquent thirty days thereafter. 16 17 Delinquent unemployment automation adjustment amounts may be collected in the manner provided under sections 288.160 and 18 19 288.170. All moneys collected under this section shall be 20 deposited in the unemployment automation fund established in 21 section 288.132. 22 4. For the first quarter of each calendar year, the total amount of contributions otherwise due from an employer 23 required to pay contributions under this chapter shall be 24 25 reduced by the dollar amount of unemployment automation adjustment due from such employer under subsection 1 of this 26 section; provided, however, that the amount of contributions 27

28 due from such employer for the first quarter of the calendar 29 year in question shall not be reduced below zero. 5. 30 Under section 23.253 of the Missouri Sunset Act: The provisions of the new program authorized under 31 (1)32 section 288.133 shall automatically sunset one year after the effective date of this section, unless reauthorized by 33 34 an act of the general assembly; (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program 35 authorized under this section, shall automatically sunset 36 37 one year after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and 38 This section shall terminate on September first of 39 (3) 40 the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset. 41 338.550. 1. The pharmacy tax required by sections 2 338.500 to 338.550 shall expire ninety days after any one or 3 more of the following conditions are met: The aggregate dispensing fee as appropriated by 4 (1)5 the general assembly paid to pharmacists per prescription is less than the fiscal year 2003 dispensing fees reimbursement 6 7 amount; or

8 (2) The formula used to calculate the reimbursement as 9 appropriated by the general assembly for products dispensed 10 by pharmacies is changed resulting in lower reimbursement to 11 the pharmacist in the aggregate than provided in fiscal year 12 2003; or

13

(3) September 30, [2021] 2022.

14 The director of the department of social services shall 15 notify the revisor of statutes of the expiration date as 16 provided in this subsection. The provisions of sections 17 338.500 to 338.550 shall not apply to pharmacies domiciled 18 or headquartered outside this state which are engaged in 19 prescription drug sales that are delivered directly to

20	patients within this state via common carrier, mail or a
21	carrier service.
22	2. Sections 338.500 to 338.550 shall expire on
23	September 30, [2021] <u>2022</u> .
	620.1039. 1. As used in this section, the [term]
2	following terms shall mean:
3	(1) "Additional qualified research expenses", the
4	difference between qualified research expenses, as certified
5	by the director of economic development, incurred in a tax
6	year subtracted by the average of the taxpayer's qualified
7	research expenses incurred in the three immediately
8	preceding tax years;
9	(2) "Minority business enterprise", a business that is:
10	(a) A sole proprietorship owned and controlled by a
11	minority;
12	(b) A partnership or joint venture owned and
13	controlled by minorities in which at least fifty-one percent
14	of the ownership interest is held by minorities and the
15	management and daily business operations of which are
16	controlled by one or more of the minorities who own it; or
17	(c) A corporation or other entity whose management and
18	daily business operations are controlled by one or more
19	minorities who own it and that is at least fifty-one percent
20	owned by one or more minorities or, if stock is issued, at
21	least fifty-one percent of the stock is owned by one or more
22	minorities;
23	(3) "Missouri qualified research and development
24	equipment", tangible personal property that has not
25	previously been used in this state for any purpose and is
26	acquired by the purchaser for the purpose of research and
27	development activities devoted to experimental or laboratory
28	research and development for new products, new uses of
29	existing products, or improving or testing existing products;

30	(4) "Qualified research expenses", for expenses within
31	this state, the same meaning as prescribed in 26 U.S.C. 41;
32	(5) "Small business", a corporation, partnership, sole
33	proprietorship or other business entity, including its
34	affiliates, that:
35	(a) Is independently owned and operated; and
36	(b) Employs fifty or fewer full-time employees;
37	(6) "Taxpayer" [means], an individual, a partnership,
38	or any charitable organization which is exempt from federal
39	income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable
40	income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax
41	imposed under chapter 143, or a corporation as described in
42	section 143.441 or 143.471, or section 148.370[, and the
43	term "qualified research expenses" has the same meaning as
44	prescribed in 26 U.S.C. 41] <u>;</u>
45	(7) "Women's business enterprise", a business that is:
46	(a) A sole proprietorship owned and controlled by a
47	woman;
48	(b) A partnership or joint venture owned and
49	controlled by women in which at least fifty-one percent of
50	the ownership interest is held by women and the management
51	and daily business operations of which are controlled by one
52	or more of the women who own it; or
53	(c) A corporation or other entity whose management and
54	daily business operations are controlled by one or more
55	women who own it and that is at least fifty-one percent
56	owned by women or, if stock is issued, at least fifty-one
57	percent of the stock is owned by one or more women.
58	2. (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1,
59	2001, and ending before January 1, 2005, the director of the
60	department of economic development may authorize a taxpayer
61	to receive a tax credit against the tax otherwise due
62	pursuant to chapter 143, or chapter 148, other than the

63 taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount up to six and one-half percent of the excess of 64 65 the taxpayer's qualified research expenses, as certified by the director of the department of economic development, 66 within this state during the taxable year over the average 67 of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses within this 68 69 state over the immediately preceding three taxable years; 70 except that, no tax credit shall be allowed on that portion 71 of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses incurred 72 within this state during the taxable year in which the credit is being claimed, to the extent such expenses exceed 73 two hundred percent of the taxpayer's average gualified 74 75 research expenses incurred during the immediately preceding 76 three taxable years.

77 (2) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 78 2022, the director of economic development may authorize a 79 taxpayer to receive a tax credit against the tax otherwise 80 due under chapters 143 and 148, other than the taxes 81 withheld under sections 143.191 to 143.265 in an amount 82 equal to the greater of: Fifteen percent of the taxpayer's additional 83 (a) 84 qualified research expenses; or 85 If such qualified research expenses relate to (b) 86 research conducted in conjunction with a public or private 87 college or university located in this state, twenty percent 88 of the taxpayer's additional qualified research expenses. 89 However, in no case shall a tax credit be allowed for any 90 portion of qualified research expenses that exceed two hundred percent of the taxpayer's average qualified research 91 92 expenses incurred during the three immediately preceding tax years. 93 The director of economic development shall 94 3. prescribe the manner in which the tax credit may be applied 95

96 for. The tax credit authorized by this section may be 97 claimed by the taxpayer to offset the tax liability imposed 98 by chapter 143 or chapter 148 that becomes due in the tax year during which such qualified research expenses were 99 100 For tax years ending before January 1, 2005, incurred. 101 where the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability, 102 the difference between the credit and the tax liability may 103 only be carried forward for the next five succeeding taxable 104 years or until the full credit has been claimed, whichever 105 first occurs. For all tax years beginning on or after 106 January 1, 2022, where the amount of the credit exceeds the 107 tax liability, the difference between the credit and the tax 108 liability may only be carried forward for the next twelve 109 succeeding tax years or until the full credit has been 110 claimed, whichever occurs first. The application for tax 111 credits authorized by the director pursuant to subsection 2 112 of this section shall be made no later than the end of the taxpayer's tax period immediately following the tax period 113 114 for which the credits are being claimed.

115 4. [Certificates of tax credit issued pursuant to this section may be transferred, sold or assigned by filing a 116 117 notarized endorsement thereof with the department which names the transferee and the amount of tax credit 118 119 transferred. The director of economic development may allow 120 a taxpayer to transfer, sell or assign up to forty percent of the amount of the certificates of tax credit issued to 121 122 and not claimed by such taxpayer pursuant to this section during any tax year commencing on or after January 1, 1996, 123 and ending not later than December 31, 1999. Such taxpayer 124 shall file, by December 31, 2001, an application with the 125 126 department which names the transferee, the amount of tax 127 credit desired to be transferred, and a certification that 128 the funds received by the applicant as a result of the

129 transfer, sale or assignment of the tax credit shall be 130 expended within three years at the state university for the 131 sole purpose of conducting research activities agreed upon by the department, the taxpayer and the state university. 132 133 Failure to expend such funds in the manner prescribed 134 pursuant to this section shall cause the applicant to be subject to the provisions of section 620.017.] Tax credits 135 136 provided under this program may be transferred, sold, or 137 assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the 138 department that names the transferee, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, 139 140 as well as any other information reasonably requested by the 141 department. For a taxpayer with flow-through tax treatment 142 to its members, partners, or shareholders, the tax credit 143 shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in 144 proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of 145 the taxpayer's tax period.

[No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the 146 5. 147 authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148 149 536. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to June 27, 1997, is of no force and effect and repealed; however, 150 nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or 151 152 affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to 153 June 27, 1997, if such rule complied with the provisions of 154 chapter 536. The provisions of this section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 155 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, including the 156 ability to review, to delay the effective date, or to 157 158 disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule, are 159 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the purported grant of rulemaking authority and any rule so proposed and 160 161 contained in the order of rulemaking shall be invalid and

void.] Purchases of Missouri qualified research and 162 163 development equipment are hereby specifically exempted from 164 all state and local sales and use tax including, but not limited to, sales and use tax authorized or imposed under 165 section 32.085 and chapter 144. 166 167 The department may adopt such rules, statements of 6. policy, procedures, forms, and guidelines as may be 168 169 necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 170 171 section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 172 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 173 174 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This 175 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the 176 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 177 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove 178 and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 179 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 180 or adopted after August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void. 181 7. (1) For tax years ending before January 1, 2005, the aggregate of all tax credits authorized pursuant to this 182 section shall not exceed nine million seven hundred thousand 183 184 dollars in any year. 185 (2) (a) For all tax years beginning on or after 186 January 1, 2022, the aggregate of all tax credits authorized 187 under this section shall not exceed ten million dollars in 188 any year. (b) Five million dollars of such ten million dollars 189 shall be reserved for minority business enterprises, women's 190 191 business enterprises, and small businesses. Any reserved 192 amount not issued or awarded to a minority business enterprise, women's business enterprise, or small business 193 194 by November first of the tax year may be issued to any

195 taxpayer otherwise eligible for a tax credit under this 196 section. 197 (c) No single taxpayer shall be issued or awarded more than three hundred thousand dollars in tax credits under 198 199 this section in any year. 200 In the event that total eligible claims for (d) credits received in a calendar year exceed the annual cap, 201 202 each eligible claimant shall be issued credits based upon a 203 pro-rata basis, given that all new businesses, defined as a 204 business less than five years old, are issued full tax 205 credits first. [7. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 206 207 2005, no tax credits shall be approved, awarded, or issued 208 to any person or entity claiming any tax credit under this 209 section.] 210 8. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act: 211 (1) The provisions of the program authorized under 212 this section shall automatically sunset December thirty-213 first, six years after the effective date of this section; 214 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset 215 216 December thirty-first, twelve years after the effective date 217 of the reauthorization of this section; and 218 (3) This section shall terminate on December thirty-219 first of the calendar year immediately following the 220 calendar year in which the program authorized under this 221 section is sunset. 620.2020. 1. The department shall respond to a

written request, by or on behalf of a qualified company or qualified military project, for a proposed benefit award under the provisions of this program within five business days of receipt of such request. The department shall respond to a written request, by or on behalf of a qualified

7 manufacturing company, for a proposed benefit award under 8 the provisions of this program within fifteen business days 9 of receipt of such request. Such response shall contain either a proposal of benefits for the qualified company or 10 qualified military project, or a written response refusing 11 to provide such a proposal and stating the reasons for such 12 13 refusal. A qualified company or qualified military project 14 that intends to seek benefits under the program shall submit to the department a notice of intent. The department shall 15 16 respond within thirty days to a notice of intent with an approval or a rejection, provided that the department may 17 withhold approval or provide a contingent approval until it 18 19 is satisfied that proper documentation of eligibility has been provided. The department shall certify or reject the 20 qualifying company's plan outlined in their notice of intent 21 22 as satisfying good faith efforts made to employ, at a 23 minimum, commensurate with the percentage of minority populations in the state of Missouri, as reported in the 24 25 previous decennial census, the following: racial minorities, contractors who are racial minorities, and contractors that, 26 in turn, employ at a minimum racial minorities commensurate 27 with the percentage of minority populations in the state of 28 29 Missouri, as reported in the previous decennial census. 30 Failure to respond on behalf of the department shall result in the notice of intent being deemed approved. A qualified 31 32 company receiving approval for program benefits may receive 33 additional benefits for subsequent new jobs at the same facility after the full initial project period if the 34 35 applicable minimum job requirements are met. There shall be no limit on the number of project periods a qualified 36 company may participate in the program, and a qualified 37 company may elect to file a notice of intent to begin a new 38 39 project period concurrent with an existing project period if

40 the applicable minimum job requirements are achieved, the 41 qualified company provides the department with the required 42 annual reporting, and the qualified company is in compliance with this program and any other state programs in which the 43 qualified company is currently or has previously 44 45 participated. However, the qualified company shall not receive any further program benefits under the original 46 47 approval for any new jobs created after the date of the new notice of intent, and any jobs created before the new notice 48 49 of intent shall not be included as new jobs for purposes of the benefit calculation for the new approval. 50 When a qualified company has filed and received approval of a 51 52 notice of intent and subsequently files another notice of intent, the department shall apply the definition of project 53 54 facility under subdivision (24) of section 620.2005 to the new notice of intent as well as all previously approved 55 notices of intent and shall determine the application of the 56 definitions of new job, new payroll, project facility base 57 employment, and project facility base payroll accordingly. 58

59 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the 2. contrary, the benefits available to the qualified company 60 under any other state programs for which the company is 61 eligible and which utilize withholding tax from the new or 62 retained jobs of the company shall first be credited to the 63 other state program before the withholding retention level 64 65 applicable under this program will begin to accrue. If any qualified company also participates in a job training 66 program utilizing withholding tax, the company shall retain 67 no withholding tax under this program, but the department 68 69 shall issue a refundable tax credit for the full amount of 70 benefit allowed under this program. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credits which may be issued to 71 72 a qualifying company that also participates in a job

73 training program shall be increased by an amount equivalent
74 to the withholding tax retained by that company under a jobs
75 training program.

3. (1) A qualified company or qualified military 76 77 project receiving benefits under this program shall provide 78 an annual report of the number of jobs, along with minority jobs created or retained, and such other information as may 79 80 be required by the department to document the basis for 81 program benefits available no later than ninety days prior 82 to the end of the qualified company's or industrial development authority's tax year immediately following the 83 tax year for which the benefits provided under the program 84 85 are attributed. In such annual report, if the average wage is below the applicable percentage of the county average 86 wage, the qualified company or qualified military project 87 88 has not maintained the employee insurance as required, if 89 the department after a review determines the qualifying company fails to satisfy other aspects of their notice of 90 91 intent, including failure to make good faith efforts to employ, at a minimum, commensurate with the percentage of 92 minority populations in the state of Missouri, as reported 93 94 in the previous decennial census, the following: racial minorities, contractors who are racial minorities, and 95 96 contractors that, in turn, employ at a minimum racial 97 minorities commensurate with the percentage of minority populations in the state of Missouri, as reported in the 98 previous decennial census, or if the number of jobs is below 99 the number required, the qualified company or qualified 100 military project shall not receive tax credits or retain the 101 102 withholding tax for the balance of the project period. 103 Failure to timely file the annual report required under this 104 section shall result in the forfeiture of tax credits 105 attributable to the year for which the reporting was

106 required and a recapture of withholding taxes retained by 107 the qualified company or qualified military project during 108 such year.

109 (2) If a qualified company fails to timely file the 110 annual report required in subdivision (1) of this 111 subsection, the department shall communicate with an employee that is separate from the original point of contact 112 113 for the department, provided such employee is designated in 114 writing by the qualified company and preferably of an 115 equivalent or higher supervisory role than the original point of contact, and using multiple means of communications 116 if necessary, to inform the qualified company of the failure 117 118 to timely file the annual report. If the qualified company 119 requests an extension in writing to the department within 120 thirty days following the deadline to file the annual 121 report, the department shall grant one thirty-day extension 122 beginning on the date that the request was received by the 123 department to file the report without penalty. A failure to 124 submit the report by the end of any extension granted by the 125 department shall result in the forfeiture of tax credits and 126 a recapture of withholding tax as provided in subdivision 127 (1) of this subsection. A qualified company that had an 128 annual report due between January 1, 2020, and September 1, 129 2021, shall not be subject to the forfeiture of tax credits 130 attributable to the year for which the reporting was 131 required or to the recapture of withholding taxes retained 132 by the qualified company or qualified military project during such year so long as the annual report is filed with 133 the department by November 1, 2021. 134

4. The department may withhold the approval of any
benefits under this program until it is satisfied that
proper documentation has been provided, and shall reduce the
benefits to reflect any reduction in full-time employees or

139 payroll. Upon approval by the department, the qualified 140 company may begin the retention of the withholding taxes 141 when it reaches the required number of jobs and the average wage meets or exceeds the applicable percentage of county 142 143 average wage. Tax credits, if any, may be issued upon 144 satisfaction by the department that the qualified company 145 has exceeded the applicable percentage of county average 146 wage and the required number of jobs; provided that, tax 147 credits awarded under subsection 7 of section 620.2010 may 148 be issued following the qualified company's acceptance of the department's proposal and pursuant to the requirements 149 set forth in the written agreement between the department 150 and the qualified company under subsection 4 of section 151 620.2010. 152

5. 153 Any qualified company or qualified military project 154 approved for benefits under this program shall provide to 155 the department, upon request, any and all information and records reasonably required to monitor compliance with 156 157 program requirements. This program shall be considered a business recruitment tax credit under subdivision (4) of 158 159 subsection 2 of section 135.800, and any qualified company or qualified military project approved for benefits under 160 this program shall be subject to the provisions of sections 161 162 135.800 to 135.830.

6. Any taxpayer who is awarded benefits under this
program who knowingly hires individuals who are not allowed
to work legally in the United States shall immediately
forfeit such benefits and shall repay the state an amount
equal to any state tax credits already redeemed and any
withholding taxes already retained.

169 7. (1) The maximum amount of tax credits that may be
170 authorized under this program for any fiscal year shall be
171 limited as follows, less the amount of any tax credits

172 previously obligated for that fiscal year under any of the 173 tax credit programs referenced in subsection 14 of this 174 section:

(a) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2013, but
ending on or before June 30, 2014, no more than one hundred
six million dollars in tax credits may be authorized;

(b) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014, but
ending on or before June 30, 2015, no more than one hundred
eleven million dollars in tax credits may be authorized;

181 (c) For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1,
182 2015, but ending on or before June 30, 2020, no more than
183 one hundred sixteen million dollars in tax credits may be
184 authorized for each fiscal year; and

(d) For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1,
2020, no more than one hundred six million dollars in tax
credits may be authorized for each fiscal year. The
provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to tax credits
issued to qualified companies under a notice of intent filed
prior to July 1, 2020.

For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 191 (2)2020, in addition to the amount of tax credits that may be 192 authorized under paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of this 193 subsection, an additional ten million dollars in tax credits 194 195 may be authorized for each fiscal year for the purpose of 196 the completion of infrastructure projects directly connected with the creation or retention of jobs under the provisions 197 of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 and an additional ten 198 million dollars in tax credits may be authorized for each 199 fiscal year for a qualified manufacturing company based on a 200 201 manufacturing capital investment as set forth in section 202 620.2010.

8. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1,
2020, the maximum total amount of withholding tax that may

205 be authorized for retention for the creation of new jobs 206 under the provisions of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 by 207 qualified companies with a project facility base employment of at least fifty shall not exceed seventy-five million 208 209 dollars for each fiscal year. The provisions of this 210 subsection shall not apply to withholding tax authorized for retention for the creation of new jobs by qualified 211 companies with a project facility base employment of less 212 213 than fifty.

214 9. For tax credits for the creation of new jobs under section 620.2010, the department shall allocate the annual 215 tax credits based on the date of the approval, reserving 216 217 such tax credits based on the department's best estimate of 218 new jobs and new payroll of the project, and any other 219 applicable factors in determining the amount of benefits 220 available to the qualified company or qualified military 221 project under this program; provided that, the department may reserve up to twenty-one and one-half percent of the 222 223 maximum annual amount of tax credits that may be authorized under subsection 7 of this section for award under 224 subsection 7 of section 620.2010. However, the annual 225 226 issuance of tax credits shall be subject to annual 227 verification of actual payroll by the department or, for 228 qualified military projects, annual verification of average 229 salary for the jobs directly created by the qualified 230 military project. Any authorization of tax credits shall 231 expire if, within two years from the date of commencement of operations, or approval if applicable, the qualified company 232 233 has failed to meet the applicable minimum job requirements. 234 The qualified company may retain authorized amounts from the 235 withholding tax under the project once the applicable minimum job requirements have been met for the duration of 236 237 the project period. No benefits shall be provided under

238 this program until the qualified company or qualified 239 military project meets the applicable minimum new job 240 requirements or, for benefits awarded under subsection 7 of section 620.2010, until the qualified company has satisfied 241 242 the requirements set forth in the written agreement between 243 the department and the qualified company under subsection 4 244 of section 620.2010. In the event the qualified company or 245 qualified military project does not meet the applicable 246 minimum new job requirements, the qualified company or 247 qualified military project may submit a new notice of intent or the department may provide a new approval for a new 248 project of the qualified company or qualified military 249 project at the project facility or other facilities. 250

251 10. Tax credits provided under this program may be 252 claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, and may not be carried forward, but shall be claimed 253 254 within one year of the close of the taxable year for which they were issued. Tax credits provided under this program 255 256 may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized 257 endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferee, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the 258 259 value received for the credit, as well as any other 260 information reasonably requested by the department. For a 261 qualified company with flow-through tax treatment to its 262 members, partners, or shareholders, the tax credit shall be 263 allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion 264 to their share of ownership on the last day of the qualified company's tax period. 265

266 11. Prior to the issuance of tax credits or the 267 qualified company beginning to retain withholding taxes, the 268 department shall verify through the department of revenue 269 and any other applicable state department that the tax 270 credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales,

271 or use tax or interest or penalties on such taxes, or any 272 delinquent fees or assessments levied by any state 273 department and through the department of commerce and 274 insurance that the applicant does not owe any delinquent 275 insurance taxes or other fees. Such delinquency shall not 276 affect the approval, except that any tax credits issued 277 shall be first applied to the delinquency and any amount issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinguency. 278 279 If the department of revenue, the department of commerce and 280 insurance, or any other state department concludes that a 281 taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but before July 282 first of any year and the application of tax credits to such 283 delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the 284 taxpayer to arise, then the taxpayer shall be granted thirty 285 days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all 286 287 available credits toward a tax delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department 288 289 and that department shall update the amount of outstanding 290 delinquent tax owed by the applicant. If any credits remain 291 after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and use tax 292 delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the 293 applicant, subject to the restrictions of other provisions 294 of law.

295 12. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to 296 the qualified company to the extent that the amount of tax 297 credits allowed under this program exceeds the amount of the 298 qualified company's tax liability under chapter 143 or 148.

299 13. An employee of a qualified company shall receive 300 full credit for the amount of tax withheld as provided in 301 section 143.211.

302 14. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the303 contrary, beginning August 28, 2013, no new benefits shall

304 be authorized for any project that had not received from the 305 department a proposal or approval for such benefits prior to 306 August 28, 2013, under the development tax credit program 307 created under sections 32.100 to 32.125, the rebuilding 308 communities tax credit program created under section 309 135.535, the enhanced enterprise zone tax credit program created under sections 135.950 to 135.973, and the Missouri 310 311 quality jobs program created under sections 620.1875 to 312 620.1890. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 313 construed to limit or impair the ability of any administering agency to authorize or issue benefits for any 314 project that had received an approval or a proposal from the 315 316 department under any of the programs referenced in this 317 subsection prior to August 28, 2013, or the ability of any 318 taxpayer to redeem any such tax credits or to retain any 319 withholding tax under an approval issued prior to that 320 The provisions of this subsection shall not be date. construed to limit or in any way impair the ability of any 321 322 governing authority to provide any local abatement or designate a new zone under the enhanced enterprise zone 323 program created by sections 135.950 to 135.963. 324 325 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no 326 qualified company that is awarded benefits under this 327 program shall:

328 (1) Simultaneously receive benefits under the programs
329 referenced in this subsection at the same capital
330 investment; or

331 (2) Receive benefits under the provisions of section332 620.1910 for the same jobs.

333 15. If any provision of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 334 or application thereof to any person or circumstance is held 335 invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or 336 application of these sections which can be given effect

337 without the invalid provisions or application, and to this 338 end, the provisions of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 are 339 hereby declared severable.

340 16. By no later than January 1, 2014, and the first 341 day of each calendar quarter thereafter, the department 342 shall present a quarterly report to the general assembly 343 detailing the benefits authorized under this program during 344 the immediately preceding calendar quarter to the extent 345 such information may be disclosed under state and federal 346 law. The report shall include, at a minimum:

347 (1) A list of all approved and disapproved applicants348 for each tax credit;

349 (2) A list of the aggregate amount of new or retained
350 jobs that are directly attributable to the tax credits
351 authorized;

352 (3) A statement of the aggregate amount of new capital
353 investment directly attributable to the tax credits
354 authorized;

355 (4) Documentation of the estimated net state fiscal 356 benefit for each authorized project and, to the extent 357 available, the actual benefit realized upon completion of 358 such project or activity; and

359 (5) The department's response time for each request360 for a proposed benefit award under this program.

361 17. The department may adopt such rules, statements of 362 policy, procedures, forms, and guidelines as may be 363 necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 364 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 365 authority delegated in this section shall become effective 366 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 367 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 368 369 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and

if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2013, shall be invalid and void.

376

18. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

377 (1) The provisions of the program authorized under
378 sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 shall be reauthorized as of
379 August 28, 2018, and shall expire on August 28, 2030; and

380 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program
381 authorized under this section shall automatically sunset
382 twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization
383 of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020; and

384 (3) Sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 shall terminate on
385 September first of the calendar year immediately following
386 the calendar year in which the program authorized under
387 sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 is sunset.

<u>620.2250.</u> 1. This section shall be known and may be
<u>cited as the "Targeted Industrial Manufacturing Enhancement</u> **3** Zones Act".

4 <u>2. As used in this section, the following terms shall</u>
5 <u>mean:</u>

6 (1) "County average wage", the average wage in each 7 county as determined by the department for the most recently completed full calendar year. However, if the computed 8 9 county average wage is above the statewide average wage, the statewide average wage shall be deemed the county average 10 wage for such county for the purpose of determining 11 12 eligibility; (2) "Department", the Missouri department of economic 13

14 development;

15	(3) "New job", the number of full-time employees
16	located at the project facility that exceeds the project
17	facility base employment less any decrease in the number of
18	full-time employees at related facilities below the related
19	facility base employment. No job that was created prior to
20	the date of the completion of an agreement pursuant to
21	subsection 6 of this section and no job that is relocated
22	from another location within this state shall be deemed a
23	new job. An employee that spends less than fifty percent of
24	the employee's work time at the facility is still considered
25	to be located at a facility if the employee receives his or
26	her directions and control from that facility, is on the
27	facility's payroll, one hundred percent of the employee's
28	income from such employment is Missouri income, and the
29	employee is paid at or above the county average wage;
30	(4) "Political subdivision", a town, village, city, or
31	county located in this state;
32	(5) "Related facility", a facility operated by a
33	company or a related company prior to the establishment of
34	the TIME zone in question, and which is directly related to
35	the operations of the facility within the new TIME zone;
36	(6) "TIME zone", an area identified through an
37	ordinance or resolution passed pursuant to subsection 4 of
38	this section that is being developed or redeveloped for any
39	purpose so long as any infrastructure or building built or
40	improved is in the development area;
41	(7) "Zone board", the governing body of a TIME zone.
42	3. The governing bodies of at least two contiguous or
43	overlapping political subdivisions in this state may
44	establish one or more TIME zones, which shall be political
45	subdivisions of the state, for the purposes of completing
46	infrastructure projects to promote the economic development
47	of the region. Such zones may only include the area within

48 the governing bodies' jurisdiction, ownership, or control, and may include any such area. The governing bodies shall 49 50 determine the boundaries for each TIME zone, and more than one TIME zone may exist within the governing bodies' 51 jurisdiction or under the governing bodies' ownership or 52 control, and may be expanded or contracted by resolution of 53 54 the zone board. 55 4. (1) To establish a TIME zone, the governing bodies of at least two political subdivisions shall each propose an 56 57 ordinance or resolution creating such zone. Such ordinance 58 or resolution shall set forth the names of the political 59 subdivisions which will form the TIME zone, the general 60 nature of the proposed improvements, the estimated cost of such improvements, the boundaries of the proposed TIME zone, 61 and the estimated number of new jobs to be created in the 62 TIME zone. Prior to approving such ordinance or resolution, 63 each governing body shall hold a public hearing to consider 64 the creation of the TIME zone and the proposed improvements 65 66 therein. The governing bodies shall hear and pass upon all 67 objections to the TIME zone and the proposed improvements, if any, and may amend the proposed improvements, and the 68 plans and specifications therefor. 69 70 (2) After the passage or adoption of the ordinance or resolution creating the TIME Zone, governance of the TIME 71 zone shall be by the zone board, which shall consist of 72 73 seven members selected from the political subdivisions 74 creating the TIME zone. Members of a zone board shall receive no salary or other compensation for their services 75 as members, but shall receive their necessary traveling and 76 other expenses incurred while actually engaged in the 77 discharge of their official duties. The zone board may 78 79 expand or contract such TIME zone through an ordinance or

80	resolution following a public hearing conducted to consider
81	such expansion or contraction.
82	5. The boundaries of the proposed TIME zone shall be
83	described by metes and bounds, streets, or other
84	sufficiently specific description.
85	6. (1) Prior to retaining any state withholding tax
86	pursuant to subsection 9 of this section, a zone board shall
87	enter into an agreement with the department. Such agreement
88	shall include, but shall not be limited to:
89	(a) The estimated number of new jobs to be created;
90	(b) The estimated average wage of new jobs to be
91	created;
92	(c) The estimated net fiscal impact of the new jobs;
93	(d) The estimated costs of the proposed improvements;
94	(e) The estimated amount of withholding tax to be
95	retained pursuant to subsection 9 of this section over the
96	period of the agreement; and
97	(f) A copy of the ordinance establishing the board and
98	a list of its members.
99	(2) The department shall not approve an agreement with
100	a zone board unless the zone board commits to creating the
101	following number of new jobs:
102	(a) For a TIME zone with a total population of less
103	than five thousand inhabitants as determined by the most
104	recent decennial census, a minimum of five new jobs with an
105	average wage that equals or exceeds ninety percent of the
106	county average wage;
107	(b) For a TIME zone with a total population of at
108	least five thousand inhabitants but less than fifty thousand
109	inhabitants as determined by the most recent decennial
110	census, a minimum of ten new jobs with an average wage that
111	equals or exceeds ninety percent of the county average wage;

112	(c) For a TIME zone with a total population of at
113	least fifty thousand inhabitants but less than one hundred
114	fifty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent
115	decennial census, a minimum of fifteen new jobs with an
116	average wage that equals or exceeds ninety percent of the
117	county average wage; and
118	(d) For a TIME zone with a total population of at
119	least one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants as determined
120	by the most recent decennial census, a minimum of twenty-
121	five new jobs with an average wage that equals or exceeds
122	ninety percent of the county average wage.
123	7. (1) The term of the agreement entered into
124	pursuant to subsection 6 of this section shall not exceed
125	ten years. A zone board may apply to the department for
126	approval to renew any agreement. Such application shall be
127	made on forms provided by the department. In determining
128	whether to approve the renewal of an agreement, the
129	department shall consider:
130	(a) The number of new jobs created and the average
131	wage and net fiscal impact of such jobs;
132	(b) The outstanding improvements to be made within the
133	TIME zone and the funding necessary to complete such
134	improvements; and
135	(c) Any other factor the department requires.
136	(2) The department may approve the renewal of an
137	agreement for a period not to exceed ten years. If a zone
138	board has not met the new job requirements pursuant to
139	subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of this section by the end
140	of the agreement, the department shall recapture from such
141	zone board the amount of withholding tax retained by the
142	zone board pursuant to this section and the department shall
143	not approve the renewal of an agreement with such zone board.

144	(3) A zone board shall not retain any withholding tax
145	pursuant to this section in excess of the costs of
146	improvements completed by the zone board.
147	8. If a qualified company is retaining withholding tax
148	pursuant to sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 for new jobs, as
149	such terms are defined in section 620.2005, that also
150	qualify for the retention of withholding tax pursuant to
151	this section, the department shall not authorize an
152	agreement pursuant to this section that results in more than
153	fifty percent of the withholding tax for such new jobs being
154	retained pursuant to this section and sections 620.2000 to
155	<u>620.2020.</u>
156	9. Upon the completion of an agreement pursuant to
157	subsection 6 of this section, twenty-five percent of the
158	state tax withholdings imposed by sections 143.191 to
159	143.265 on new jobs within a TIME zone after development or
160	redevelopment has commenced shall not be remitted to the
161	general revenue fund of the state of Missouri. Such moneys
162	shall be deposited into the TIME zone fund established
163	pursuant to subsection 10 of this section for the purpose of
164	continuing to expand, develop, and redevelop TIME zones
165	identified by the zone board, and may be used for
166	managerial, engineering, legal, research, promotion,
167	planning, and any other expenses.
168	10. There is hereby created in the state treasury the
169	"TIME Zone Fund", which shall consist of money collected
170	under this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian
171	of the fund and may approve disbursements from the fund in
172	accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180 to the zone
173	boards of the TIME zones from which the funds were
174	collected, less the pro-rata portion appropriated by the
175	general assembly to be used solely for the administration of
176	this section, which shall not exceed ten percent of the

177 total amount collected within the TIME zones of a zone board. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to 178 179 the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general 180 181 revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in 182 the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be 183 184 credited to the fund. 185 11. The zone board shall approve projects consistent 186 with the provisions of this section that begin construction 187 and disburse any money collected under this section. The 188 zone board shall submit an annual budget for the funds to 189 the department explaining how and when such money will be 190 spent. 191 12. A zone board shall submit an annual report by December thirty-first of each year to the department and the 192 193 general assembly. Such report shall include, but shall not 194 be limited to: 195 (1)The locations of the established TIME zones 196 governed by the zone board; 197 The number of new jobs created within the TIME (2) zones governed by the zone board; 198 199 The average wage of the new jobs created within (3) 200 the TIME zones governed by the zone board; 201 The improvements utilizing TIME zone funding; (4) 202 (5) The amount of TIME zone funding utilized for each 203 improvement and the total amount of TIME zone funds 204 expended; and The amount of withholding tax retained pursuant to 205 (6) 206 subsection 9 of this section from new jobs created within 207 the TIME zones governed by the zone board. 208 No political subdivision shall establish a TIME 13. 209 zone with boundaries that overlap the boundaries of an

210 advanced industrial manufacturing zone established pursuant 211 to section 68.075. 212 14. The total amount of withholding taxes retained by all TIME zones pursuant to the provisions of this section 213 214 shall not exceed five million dollars per fiscal year. 215 15. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a 216 217 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 218 created under the authority delegated in this section shall 219 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 220 all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are 221 222 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 223 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay 224 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 225 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 226 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 227 August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void. 228 16. The provisions of section 23.253 notwithstanding, no TIME zone may be established after August 28, 2024. Any 229 230 TIME zone created prior to such date shall continue to exist 231 and be coterminous with the retirement of any debts incurred 232 for improvements made within the TIME zone. No debts may be 233 incurred or reauthorized using TIME zone revenue after 234 August 28, 2024. 633.401. 1. For purposes of this section, the 2 following terms mean: (1) "Engaging in the business of providing health 3 benefit services", accepting payment for health benefit 4 5 services; 6 (2) "Intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled", a private or department of mental health facility 7 8 which admits persons who are intellectually disabled or

9 developmentally disabled for residential habilitation and 10 other services pursuant to chapter 630. Such term shall 11 include habilitation centers and private or public 12 intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled 13 that have been certified to meet the conditions of 14 participation under 42 CFR, Section 483, Subpart I;

15 "Net operating revenues from providing services of (3) 16 intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled" shall include, without limitation, all moneys 17 18 received on account of such services pursuant to rates of reimbursement established and paid by the department of 19 social services, but shall not include charitable 20 21 contributions, grants, donations, bequests and income from nonservice related fund-raising activities and government 22 deficit financing, contractual allowance, discounts or bad 23 24 debt;

25 (4)"Services of intermediate care facilities for the 26 intellectually disabled" has the same meaning as the term 27 services of intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, as used in Title 42 United States Code, Section 28 1396b(w)(7)(A)(iv), as amended, and as such qualifies as a 29 class of health care services recognized in federal Public 30 Law 102-234, the Medicaid Voluntary Contribution and 31 32 Provider-Specific Tax Amendments of 1991.

2. Beginning July 1, 2008, each provider of services 33 34 of intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled shall, in addition to all other fees and taxes now 35 36 required or paid, pay assessments on their net operating 37 revenues for the privilege of engaging in the business of providing services of the intermediate care facilities for 38 the intellectually disabled or developmentally disabled in 39 this state. 40

41 3. Each facility's assessment shall be based on a
42 formula set forth in rules and regulations promulgated by
43 the department of mental health.

For purposes of determining rates of payment under 44 4. 45 the medical assistance program for providers of services of intermediate care facilities for the intellectually 46 47 disabled, the assessment imposed pursuant to this section on 48 net operating revenues shall be a reimbursable cost to be reflected as timely as practicable in rates of payment 49 50 applicable within the assessment period, contingent, for 51 payments by governmental agencies, on all federal approvals necessary by federal law and regulation for federal 52 53 financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under Title XIX of the 54 federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1396, et 55 56 seq., as amended.

57 5. Assessments shall be submitted by or on behalf of 58 each provider of services of intermediate care facilities 59 for the intellectually disabled on a monthly basis to the 60 director of the department of mental health or his or her 61 designee and shall be made payable to the director of the 62 department of revenue.

63 6. In the alternative, a provider may direct that the
64 director of the department of social services offset, from
65 the amount of any payment to be made by the state to the
66 provider, the amount of the assessment payment owed for any
67 month.

7. Assessment payments shall be deposited in the state
treasury to the credit of the "Intermediate Care Facility
Intellectually Disabled Reimbursement Allowance Fund", which
is hereby created in the state treasury. All investment
earnings of this fund shall be credited to the fund.
Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the

74 contrary, any unexpended balance in the intermediate care 75 facility intellectually disabled reimbursement allowance 76 fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the 77 general revenue fund but shall accumulate from year to 78 year. The state treasurer shall maintain records that show 79 the amount of money in the fund at any time and the amount 80 of any investment earnings on that amount.

81 8. Each provider of services of intermediate care 82 facilities for the intellectually disabled shall keep such 83 records as may be necessary to determine the amount of the assessment for which it is liable under this section. 84 On or before the forty-fifth day after the end of each month 85 commencing July 1, 2008, each provider of services of 86 intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled 87 shall submit to the department of social services a report 88 89 on a cash basis that reflects such information as is 90 necessary to determine the amount of the assessment payable for that month. 91

Every provider of services of intermediate care 92 9. 93 facilities for the intellectually disabled shall submit a certified annual report of net operating revenues from the 94 95 furnishing of services of intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled. The reports shall be in such 96 97 form as may be prescribed by rule by the director of the 98 department of mental health. Final payments of the 99 assessment for each year shall be due for all providers of services of intermediate care facilities for the 100 intellectually disabled upon the due date for submission of 101 102 the certified annual report.

103 10. The director of the department of mental health 104 shall prescribe by rule the form and content of any document 105 required to be filed pursuant to the provisions of this 106 section.

107 11. Upon receipt of notification from the director of 108 the department of mental health of a provider's delinquency 109 in paying assessments required under this section, the director of the department of social services shall 110 111 withhold, and shall remit to the director of the department 112 of revenue, an assessment amount estimated by the director 113 of the department of mental health from any payment to be 114 made by the state to the provider.

115 In the event a provider objects to the estimate 12. 116 described in subsection 11 of this section, or any other decision of the department of mental health related to this 117 section, the provider of services may request a hearing. 118 Ιf 119 a hearing is requested, the director of the department of 120 mental health shall provide the provider of services an 121 opportunity to be heard and to present evidence bearing on 122 the amount due for an assessment or other issue related to 123 this section within thirty days after collection of an amount due or receipt of a request for a hearing, whichever 124 is later. The director shall issue a final decision within 125 forty-five days of the completion of the hearing. After 126 127 reconsideration of the assessment determination and a final decision by the director of the department of mental health, 128 129 an intermediate care facility for the intellectually 130 disabled provider's appeal of the director's final decision 131 shall be to the administrative hearing commission in accordance with sections 208.156 and 621.055. 132

133 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 134 contrary, appeals regarding this assessment shall be to the 135 circuit court of Cole County or the circuit court in the 136 county in which the facility is located. The circuit court 137 shall hear the matter as the court of original jurisdiction.

138 14. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect139 or in any way limit the tax-exempt or nonprofit status of

140 any intermediate care facility for the intellectually141 disabled granted by state law.

142 15. The director of the department of mental health shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement this 143 144 section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 145 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 146 147 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 148 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 149 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 150 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 151 152 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 153 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 154 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 155 2008, shall be invalid and void.

16. The provisions of this section shall expire on157 September 30, [2021] 2022.

Section B. Because of the importance of economic development to the state of Missouri, the repeal and 2 reenactment of sections 143.121, 143.171, and 620.2020 of 3 this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation 4 5 of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is 6 hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of 7 the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of sections 143.121, 143.171, and 620.2020 of this act shall be in full 8 9 force and effect upon its passage and approval.

Section C. If any provision of section A of this act or the application thereof to anyone or to any circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of those sections and the application of such provisions to others or other circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

 $\checkmark$ 

Paul Wieland

Jim Murphy